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A Bible Study on

ROMANS



“But God demonstrates His own love toward us, in that while we were still sinners, Christ died for us.” —Romans 5:8

INTRODUCTION TO ROMANS

The book of Romans in the New Testament is a letter from the apostle Paul to believers living in Rome about 58 A.D. It completely explains the amazing life of Jesus Christ—what He has already done *for us* and what He wants to do *in us*.

Paul shows us *how God sees us*—as desperately in need of a Savior. As sinners, we were all condemned to death and eternal separation from God. *But in this letter we see God’s wonderful, awesome love for us.* He sent His own Son to take the death penalty for our sins so that we might be free to live in marvelous fellowship with Him now and for eternity. Isn’t that the best news you could ever hear?

Jesus, who is alive from the dead, wants to share His life with all who trust in Him and make them like Himself. **“And this is the testimony: that God has given us eternal life, and this life is in His Son”** (1 John 5:11). Jesus said, **“And you shall know the truth, and the truth shall set you free”** (John 8:32). Paul’s letter to the Romans is a message of truth about freedom. Ask God to reveal Jesus to your heart as a living Person, **“the eyes of your understanding being enlightened; that you may know what is the hope of His calling, . . . and what is the exceeding greatness of His power toward us who believe”** (Ephesians 1:18, 19a).

Hundreds of books have been written to analyze Paul’s letter to the Romans. But don’t come to this letter to analyze it. Babies don’t analyze their mother’s milk; they drink it for nourishment and life. Come to this letter again and again to drink deeply of it, to digest it, to know the Lord intimately, until Jesus Himself is formed in you (Galatians 4:19).

—V. R. Benson

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LESSON 1. PAUL DECLARES THE GOSPEL OF GOD

Romans 1:1-15

¹Paul, a servant of Jesus Christ, called to be an apostle, separated to the gospel of God ²which He promised before through His prophets in the Holy Scriptures, ³concerning His Son Jesus Christ our Lord, who was born of the seed of David according to the flesh, ⁴and declared to be the Son of God with power, according to the Spirit of holiness, by the resurrection from the dead, ⁵through whom we have received grace and apostleship for obedience to the faith among all nations for His name, ⁶among whom you also are the called of Jesus Christ; ⁷to all who are in Rome, beloved of God, called to be saints: Grace to you and peace from God our Father and the Lord Jesus Christ.

⁸First, I thank my God through Jesus Christ for you all, that your faith is spoken of throughout the whole world.

⁹For God is my witness, whom I serve with my spirit in the gospel of His Son, that without ceasing I make mention of you always in my prayers, ¹⁰making request if, by some means, now at last I may find a way in the will of God to come to you. ¹¹For I long to see you, that I may impart to you some spiritual gift, so that you may be established— ¹²that is, that I may be encouraged together with you by the mutual faith both of you and me. ¹³Now I do not want you to be unaware, brethren, that I often planned to come to you (but was hindered until now), that I might have some fruit among you also, just as among the other Gentiles. ¹⁴I am a debtor both to Greeks and to barbarians, both to wise and to unwise. ¹⁵So, as much as is in me, I am ready to preach the gospel to you who are in Rome also.

What Is the Gospel?

The word “gospel” means “good news.” Paul loved to tell people the good news he had received from God: **“that Christ died for our sins according to the Scriptures, and that He was buried, and that He rose again the third day according to the Scriptures”** (1 Corinthians 15:3b, 4). Paul will explain why this is such good news and what it means for

you. You will be amazed by God's grace and love for you and the freedom Jesus gives over sin and self. **"Thanks be to God for His indescribable gift!"** (2 Corinthians 9:15).

Something to Do

Fill in the blanks from the verses on page 1 to find out more about the gospel of God and about Jesus. (You may check your answers with the answers given on page 111.)

1. God promised His gospel through His _____ in the Holy _____ (verse 2).

2. The gospel of God is about His Son _____ our Lord (3).

3. Jesus Christ was born of the seed of _____ according to the _____ (3).

[Jesus was born with a human body. The prophets foretold that Messiah would descend from King David (Jeremiah 23:5).]

4. Jesus Christ was declared to be the _____ of _____ with _____, according to the Spirit of _____, by the _____ from the dead (4).

[Jesus was divine. He was "God with us" (Matthew 1:23). His resurrection proved it. God would not allow His Holy One to see corruption (Psalm 16:10), so He raised Him from the dead.]

5. Through Jesus Christ Paul had received _____ and apostleship for _____ to the faith among all _____ for His name (5).

The Believers in Rome

Though Paul had not yet visited Rome, he had heard of the believers there because their faith was spoken of throughout the whole world (the Roman Empire). He knew Jesus Christ had called them (verse 6), that they were loved by God and called to be saints or holy ones (verse 7). We know

that fifty days after the resurrection of Jesus Christ from the dead, when His disciples were filled with the Holy Spirit and spoke to the crowds which were in Jerusalem for the feast of Pentecost, there were in the crowd “visitors from Rome,” both Jews and those converted to Judaism (Acts 2:10). No doubt some of these visitors who believed on the Lord Jesus that day went back to Rome with the joy of Christ in their hearts. Later, when all Jews were commanded by Claudius to leave Rome, a precious couple named Aquila and his wife Priscilla went to live in Corinth as tentmakers (Acts 18:2, 3). When Paul, also a tentmaker, arrived in Corinth toward the end of his third missionary journey, he stayed with them and doubtless heard even more about the believers in Rome. Paul probably wrote this letter while he was staying in Corinth. Believers in Rome were about to face unbelievable persecution and martyrdom (being killed for their faith in Jesus). The truths of this letter would strengthen their faith.

Paul, a Bondservant of Jesus Christ

Paul could have introduced himself to the believers in Rome in many ways. As a Jew he had the highest of credentials and training. He had also been born a Roman citizen, with all of its privileges. He had a tremendously fruitful ministry. But he doesn't refer to any of these; he calls himself a bondservant of Jesus Christ, called to be an apostle (a person sent on a mission, having the authority of the one who sent him). A bondservant is one who gives total allegiance to his master. Paul had not always been a servant of Jesus Christ. In fact, he had once opposed Him with all his might in his misguided zeal for God.

Now Paul is about to share with the believers in Rome and with us today the key to living a life transformed by the res-

urrection power of the Lord Jesus. Paul himself is an example, a living proof, of the truth of his message.

Paul (his Roman name) was once Saul (his Hebrew name) from Tarsus. In his religious zeal, he consented to the death of Stephen, the first Christian martyr, who was stoned to death (Acts 7:54-59), setting off a great persecution of Christians in Jerusalem. **“As for Saul, he made havoc of the church, entering every house, and dragging off men and women, committing them to prison”** (Acts 8:3). Christians scattered far and wide, preaching the Word. **“Then Saul, still breathing threats and murder against the disciples of the Lord, went to the high priest and asked letters from him to the synagogues of Damascus, so that if he found any who were of the Way, whether men or women, he might bring them bound to Jerusalem. And as he journeyed he came near Damascus, and suddenly a light shone around him from heaven. Then he fell to the ground, and heard a voice saying to him, ‘Saul, Saul, why are you persecuting Me?’ And he said, ‘Who are You, Lord?’ And the Lord said, ‘I am Jesus, whom you are persecuting. It is hard for you to kick against the goads [pricks of conscience]’”** (Acts 9:1-5).

Later, when Paul testified about this experience, He told more of what Jesus had said. **“But rise and stand on your feet; for I have appeared to you for this purpose, to make you a minister and a witness both of the things which you have seen and of the things which I will yet reveal to you. I will deliver you from the Jewish people, as well as from the Gentiles, to whom I now send you, to open their eyes and to turn them from darkness to light, and from the power of Satan to God, that they may receive forgiveness of sins and an inheritance among those who are sanctified by faith in Me”** (Acts 26:16-18).

LESSON 2. THE GOSPEL REVEALS THE RIGHTEOUSNESS OF GOD

Romans 1:16-17

¹⁶For I am not ashamed of the gospel of Christ, for it is the power of God to salvation for everyone who believes, for the Jew first and also for the Greek. ¹⁷For in it the righteousness of God is revealed from faith to faith; as it is written, “The just shall live by faith.”

God Offers Us His Own Righteousness

The good news about the righteousness of God is that it is a gift from God to those who trust in Jesus Christ. The righteousness of God is revealed “from faith to faith.” It is first *received* by faith—believing that God has *declared* me righteous because of what Jesus did for me and has given me a new nature. It is then *lived out* by faith—trusting Jesus to empower me to live a holy life by His Spirit living in me.

Salvation Is For Everyone Who Believes

Salvation means deliverance. In the next lesson we shall see just how desperately we need deliverance from sin and from God’s wrath on those who sin (John 3:36).

This message of salvation came to the Jews first, because it was God’s purpose that salvation should come through the Jews (John 4:22). Then it was to be spread throughout the world through them. God had promised Abraham, the father of the Jewish people, **“In you all the families of the earth shall be blessed”** (Genesis 12:3b). Abraham would become the spiritual father of all who have faith in Jesus (Romans 4).

Something to Do

Memorize Romans 1:16 and 17. These are key verses.

LESSON 3. GOD'S WRATH IS REVEALED FROM HEAVEN

Romans 1:18-32

¹⁸For the wrath of God is revealed from heaven against all ungodliness and unrighteousness of men, who suppress the truth in unrighteousness, ¹⁹because what may be known of God is manifest in them, for God has shown it to them. ²⁰For since the creation of the world His invisible attributes are clearly seen, being understood by the things that are made, even His eternal power and Godhead, so that they are without excuse, ²¹because, although they knew God, they did not glorify Him as God, nor were thankful, but became futile in their thoughts, and their foolish hearts were darkened. ²²Professing to be wise, they became fools, ²³and changed the glory of the incorruptible God into an image made like corruptible man—and birds and four-footed beasts and creeping things. ²⁴Therefore God also gave them up to uncleanness, in the lusts of their hearts, to dishonor their bodies among themselves, ²⁵who exchanged the truth of God for the lie, and worshiped and served the creature rather than the Creator, who is

blessed forever. Amen. ²⁶For this reason God gave them up to vile passions. For even their women exchanged the natural use for what is against nature. ²⁷Likewise also the men, leaving the natural use of the woman, burned in their lust for one another, men with men committing what is shameful, and receiving in themselves the penalty of their error which was due. ²⁸And even as they did not like to retain God in their knowledge, God gave them over to a debased mind, to do those things which are not fitting; ²⁹being filled with all unrighteousness, sexual immorality, wickedness, covetousness, maliciousness; full of envy, murder, strife, deceit, evil-mindedness; they are whisperers, ³⁰backbiters, haters of God, violent, proud, boasters, inventors of evil things, disobedient to parents, ³¹undiscerning, untrustworthy, unloving, unforgiving, unmerciful; ³²who, knowing the righteous judgment of God, that those who practice such things are deserving of death, not only do the same but also approve of those who practice them.

God's Wrath Is Against Sin

God is holy. When Adam and Eve, the first couple, sinned by disobeying God, they had to be thrust out of the beautiful garden God had created for them. They were separated from God (spiritual death), and their bodies immediately became subject to physical death.

God's wrath is against any attitude and action that does not meet His high and holy standard of what is right. We need to see how terrible sin is.

Ungodly Pagans Are Without Excuse

Anyone can know of God's power and character by the things He created, even if they have no Bible. **"Nevertheless He did not leave Himself without witness, in that He did good, gave us rain from heaven and fruitful seasons, filling our hearts with food and gladness"** (Acts 14:17).

Even those who don't have God's law **"show the work of the law written in their hearts, their conscience also bearing witness, and between themselves their thoughts accusing or else excusing them"** (Romans 2:15b).

Those who do not want to know God suppress the truth about Him. They do not want to change. **"They did not receive the love of the truth, that they might be saved. And for this reason God will send them strong delusion, that they should believe the lie, that they all may be condemned who did not believe the truth but had pleasure in unrighteousness"** (2 Thessalonians 2:10b-12).

One of the ways God judges sin is to let sinners go their own way and experience the natural consequences of their foolish choices. **"They soon forgot His works; they did not wait for His counsel And He gave them their request, but sent leanness into their soul"** (Psalm 106:13, 15).

Something to Do

Fill in the blanks to see the downward spiral of sinful man:

1. Although they knew God, they did not _____
Him as God, nor were _____ (verse 21).

[The first step away from God into darkness is to be unthankful.]

2. Professing to be _____, they became _____ (22).

3. They changed the _____ of the incorruptible
God into an _____ made like corruptible man (23).

4. God gave them up to _____ in the lusts
of their hearts, to _____ their bodies (24).

5. They exchanged the _____ of God for the _____,
and worshiped and served the _____ rather
than the _____ (25).

6. God gave them up to _____.
Even their _____ exchanged the natural use for what
is against nature (26). Also the _____, leaving the nat-
ural use of woman, burned in their lust for one another (27).

**["You shall not lie with a male as with a woman. It is an abomi-
nation" (Leviticus 18:22).]**

7. As they did not like to keep God in their knowledge,
God gave them over to a _____ mind, to do those
things which are not fitting (28).

8. Knowing the righteous _____ of God,
that those who practice such things are deserving of _____,
they not only do these things but also _____
_____ of those who practice them (32).

**["Truly, these times of ignorance God overlooked, but now com-
mands all men everywhere to repent, because He has appointed a
day on which He will judge the world in righteousness by the Man
[Jesus] whom He has ordained. He has given assurance of this to
all by raising Him from the dead" (Acts 17:30, 31).]**

LESSON 4. GOD'S JUDGMENT IS JUST

Romans 2:1-16

¹Therefore you are inexcusable, O man, whoever you are who judge, for in whatever you judge another you condemn yourself; for you who judge practice the same things. ²But we know that the judgment of God is according to truth against those who practice such things. ³And do you think this, O man, you who judge those practicing such things, and doing the same, that you will escape the judgment of God? ⁴Or do you despise the riches of His goodness, forbearance, and long-suffering, not knowing that the goodness of God leads you to repentance? ⁵But in accordance with your hardness and your impenitent heart you are treasuring up for yourself wrath in the day of wrath and revelation of the righteous judgment of God, ⁶who “will render to each one according to his deeds”: ⁷eternal life to those who by patient continuance in doing good seek for glory, honor, and immortality; ⁸but to those who are self-seeking and do not obey the

truth, but obey unrighteousness—indignation and wrath, ⁹tribulation and anguish, on every soul of man who does evil, of the Jew first and also of the Greek; ¹⁰but glory, honor, and peace to everyone who works what is good, to the Jew first and also to the Greek. ¹¹For there is no partiality with God. ¹²For as many as have sinned without law will also perish without law, and as many as have sinned in the law will be judged by the law ¹³(for not the hearers of the law are just in the sight of God, but the doers of the law will be justified; ¹⁴for when Gentiles, who do not have the law, by nature do the things contained in the law, these, although not having the law, are a law to themselves, ¹⁵who show the work of the law written in their hearts, their conscience also bearing witness, and between themselves their thoughts accusing or else excusing them) ¹⁶in the day when God will judge the secrets of men by Jesus Christ, according to my gospel.

Religious Sinners Will Also Be Judged

In this lesson we see that some people know that God's judgment is against the wicked, but they feel righteous when

sins of others seem much worse than their own. They do not realize that they are guilty of many of the same things and are just as sinful in God's eyes. It is only because God is so longsuffering that they have not already been destroyed.

The goodness of God leads people to repent—to agree with God about their sin and turn from it. Those who do not repent are despising the goodness of God. They have hard and unrepenting hearts, because they hear the Word of God but don't do it. **“But be doers of the word, and not hearers only, deceiving yourselves”** (James 1:22).

Jesus said, **“Not everyone who says to Me, ‘Lord, Lord,’ shall enter the kingdom of heaven, but he who does the will of My Father in heaven. Now everyone who hears these sayings of Mine, and does not do them, will be like a foolish man who built his house on the sand: and the rain descended, the floods came, and the winds blew and beat on that house; and it fell. And great was its fall”** (Matthew 7:21, 26, 27). **“...If anyone loves Me, he will keep My word”** (John 14:23a). Those who truly love Jesus will obey Him.

Something to Do

Fill in the blanks with some principles of God's judgment:

1. “The judgment of God is according to _____” (2).

[God will judge by the facts. **“The eyes of the LORD are in every place, keeping watch on the evil and the good”** (Proverbs 15:3).]

2. In the day of the righteous judgment of God, He “will render to each one according to his _____” (6). Wrath will come on “every soul of man who does _____” (9), but “glory, honor, and peace to everyone who works what is _____” (10).

[Jesus was once asked, **“What shall we do, that we may work the works of God?”** He answered, **“This is the work of God, that you**

believe in Him whom He sent” (John 6:28b, 29b). True faith in Jesus results in doing good works which glorify God (Matthew 5:16).]

3. “There is no _____ with God” (11).

[God has no favorites (Galatians 2:6). **“But he who does wrong will be repaid for what he has done, and there is no partiality”** (Colossians 3:25). **“Do not be deceived, God is not mocked; for whatever a man sows, that he will also reap”** (Galatians 6:7).]

4. “God will judge the secrets of men by _____” (16).

[**“For the Father judges no one, but has committed all judgment to the Son”** (John 5:22).]

We Will All Be Judged by Jesus Christ

Our relationship with Jesus is a matter of life and death, because He is the One who will judge us. **“The hour is coming in which all who are in the graves will hear His voice and come forth—those who have done good, to the resurrection of life, and those who have done evil, to the resurrection of condemnation”** (John 5:28b, 29). **“For we must all appear before the judgment seat of Christ, that each one may receive the things done in the body, according to what he has done, whether good or bad”** (2 Corinthians 5:10).

There is no way to be good enough to meet the high standards of God’s perfection. We all deserve God’s wrath (spiritual death forever). But there *is* a way to be raised to life and judged as righteous: Believe that Jesus died for you and receive His life. **“He who believes in the Son has everlasting life; and he who does not believe the Son shall not see life, but the wrath of God abides on him”** (John 3:36). **“He who hears My word and believes in Him who sent Me has everlasting life, and shall not come into judgment [condemnation], but has passed from death into life”** (John 5:24b).

LESSON 5. SPECIAL PRIVILEGES DO NOT SAVE US

Romans 2:17-29

¹⁷Indeed you are called a Jew, and rest on the law, and make your boast in God, ¹⁸and know His will, and approve the things that are excellent, being instructed out of the law, ¹⁹and are confident that you yourself are a guide to the blind, a light to those who are in darkness, ²⁰an instructor of the foolish, a teacher of babes, having the form of knowledge and truth in the law. ²¹You, therefore, who teach another, do you not teach yourself? You who preach that a man should not steal, do you steal? ²²You who say, "Do not commit adultery," do you commit adultery? You who abhor idols, do you rob temples? ²³You who make your boast in the law, do you dishonor God through breaking the law? ²⁴For "The name of God is blasphemed among the Gentiles because of you," as it is written.

²⁵For circumcision is indeed profitable if you keep the law; but if you are a breaker of the law, your circumcision has become uncircumcision. ²⁶Therefore, if an uncircumcised man keeps the righteous requirements of the law, will not his

uncircumcision be counted as circumcision? ²⁷And will not the physically uncircumcised, if he fulfills the law, judge you who, even with your written code and circumcision, are a transgressor of the law? ²⁸For he is not a Jew who is one outwardly, nor is circumcision that which is outward in the flesh; ²⁹but he is a Jew who is one inwardly, and circumcision is that of the heart, in the Spirit, and not in the letter; whose praise is not from men but from God.

Romans 3:1-8

¹What advantage then has the Jew, or what is the profit of circumcision? ²Much in every way! Chiefly because to them were committed the oracles of God. ³For what if some did not believe? Will their unbelief make the faithfulness of God without effect? ⁴Certainly not! Indeed, let God be true but every man a liar. As it is written: "That You may be justified in Your words, and may overcome when You are judged." ⁵But if our unrighteousness demonstrates the righteousness of God, what shall we say? Is God unjust who inflicts wrath? (I

speaking as a man.) ‘Certainly not! For then how will God judge the world? For if the truth of God has increased through my lie to His glory, why am I also still judged as a sinner? ⁸And why not say, “Let us do evil that good may come”?’—as we are slanderously reported and as some affirm that we say. Their condemnation is just.

Something to Do

Fill in the blanks to learn what special privileges the Jews as God’s people claimed to have:

1. “You are called a _____” (verse 17).

[The word “Jew” comes from “Judah,” meaning “Praise.” Judah was one of the twelve tribes of Israel. God chose the Jews to be a praise to Him. Jesus was born of this tribe, the tribe of Israel’s kings.]

2. You “rest on the _____” (17).

[God’s law was given to Moses after he led the children of Israel out of Egypt to their promised land. The lives of Jewish people were centered around the laws God had given them.]

3. You “make your boast in _____” (17).

[The Jewish people were proud of the fact that the one true God was their God, who had chosen them to be His people.]

4. You “know His _____” (18).

5. You “approve the things that are _____” (18).

6. You have been “_____ out of the law” (18).

[They knew the Word of God in the Old Testament thoroughly.]

7. You are “confident that you yourself are a _____ to the blind, a _____ to those who are in darkness, an _____ of the foolish, a _____ of babes” (19, 20).

[The Jews of Paul’s day felt they were superior in every way over all others because God had entrusted His Word to them. Do you consider yourself also to be privileged in similar ways?]

The Danger of Hypocrisy

Paul has questions for those who claim to know God well:

1. "You who preach that a man should not steal, do you _____?" (21).

2. "You who say, 'Do not commit adultery,' do you _____?" (22).

3. "You who abhor idols, do you _____?" (22)

[The Jews would not have anything to do with idols, but some would use things taken from idol temples for personal pleasure.]

4. "You who make your boast in the law, do you dishonor God through _____ the law?" (23).

When God's people do not live up to God's standards, they dishonor God's name. This happened when King David committed adultery and gave ". . . **great occasion to the enemies of the LORD to blaspheme**" (2 Samuel 12:14a).

It is a terrible thing to bring disgrace on the name of God. Yet today many people who call themselves Christians are bringing shame to God's name by their sinful lifestyle.

Jesus had a lot to say to hypocrites, "**Hypocrites! Well did Isaiah prophesy about you, saying: 'These people draw near to Me with their mouth, and honor Me with their lips, but their heart is far from Me. And in vain they worship Me, teaching as doctrines the commandments of men'**" (Matthew 15:7-9). Even worse, hypocrites prevent others from coming to God, or when they do win someone to their way of thinking, Jesus said, "**you make him twice as much a son of hell as yourselves**" (Matthew 23:15b).

Those who seem to be righteous to others but are not right with God in their hearts are in great danger. Jesus said to them, "**Serpents, brood of vipers! How can you escape the condemnation of hell?**" (Matthew 23:33). "**For what is the**

hope of the hypocrite, though he may gain much, if God takes away his life?” (Job 27:8). **“But the hypocrites in heart store up wrath”** (Job 36:13a). Ask God, who knows your heart, to show you your own heart.

A Truly Spiritual Person

The true Jew who brings praise to God has cut sin out of his life by the power of Christ’s death on the cross. Abraham was circumcised (his flesh cut) as a sign of God’s covenant with him—an outward sign of what God wants to do in our hearts. **“In Him you were also circumcised with the circumcision made without hands, by putting off the body of the sins of the flesh, by the circumcision of Christ”** (Colossians 2:11). Moses had told God’s people, **“And the LORD your God will circumcise your heart and the heart of your descendants, to love the LORD your God with all your heart and with all your soul, that you may live”** (Deuteronomy 30:6).

Paul Answers Jewish Objections

How can it be that even Jews are sinners needing salvation! Some might say, “What advantage is it to be a Jew, then?” Paul says there are many advantages, and the chief one is that they were entrusted with the Scriptures. Some might ask, “Will the unbelief of Jews cause God not to be faithful to His promises to them?” Paul says, “Certainly not.” God is always faithful to His Word even when people are unfaithful. The last objection could be, “If God is glorified by salvation apart from works, is God just to judge sin? Why don’t we sin all the more so that good can come from it?” Scoffers who didn’t understand God’s grace were slandering Paul by reporting that this was what Paul taught. It is right to condemn such thinking. It is the thinking of sinful man.

LESSON 6. NO ONE IS RIGHTEOUS BEFORE GOD

Romans 3:9-20

⁹What then? Are we better than they? Not at all. For we have previously charged both Jews and Greeks that they are all under sin. ¹⁰As it is written: “There is none righteous, no, not one; ¹¹there is none who understands; there is none who seeks after God. ¹²They have all gone out of the way; they have together become unprofitable; there is none who does good, no, not one.” ¹³“Their throat is an open tomb; with their tongues they have practiced deceit”; “The poison of asps is under their

lips”; ¹⁴“Whose mouth is full of cursing and bitterness.” ¹⁵“Their feet are swift to shed blood; ¹⁶destruction and misery are in their ways; ¹⁷and the way of peace they have not known.” ¹⁸“There is no fear of God before their eyes.” ¹⁹Now we know that whatever the law says, it says to those who are under the law, that every mouth may be stopped, and all the world may become guilty before God. ²⁰Therefore by the deeds of the law no flesh will be justified in His sight, for by the law is the knowledge of sin.

The Whole World Stands Guilty Before God

Paul has used the approach of an attorney in a court of law to bring charges that all mankind is guilty of sin before a holy God. Even unbelievers who don't know the law of God have a conscience and deserve God's wrath, because they have not glorified the Creator nor have they been thankful (Lesson 3).

Religious people who know the law of God have not obeyed it (Lesson 4). Jews who are circumcised as a sign of their covenant relationship with God and are proud of outward conformity to God's laws are also guilty before God because their hearts are far from Him (Lesson 5).

Something to Do

Fill in the blanks to find the 14 charges which Paul quoted

from the Old Testament. These charges are from God:

1. "There is _____ righteous, no, not _____" (10).

[No one can meet the perfect standard of God's holiness except God Himself, who came to earth as a man, "**Jesus Christ the righteous**" (1 John 2:1b).]

2. "There is _____ who understands" (11).

[**"But the natural man does not receive the things of the Spirit of God, for they are foolishness to him; nor can he know them, because they are spiritually discerned"** (1 Corinthians 2:14).]

3. "There is _____ who seeks after God" (11).

[Man hides from God. God must seek man. "**For the Son of Man has come to seek and to save that which was lost**" (Luke 19:10).]

4. "They have _____ gone out of the way" (12).

[Man wants to go his own way. "**All we like sheep have gone astray; we have turned, every one, to his own way**" (Isaiah 53:6a).]

5. "They have together become _____" (12).

[Sin makes a man of no use to God. When salt loses its flavor, "**it is then good for nothing but to be thrown out . . .**" (Matthew 5:13b).]

6. "There is none who does _____, no, not _____" (12).

[**"No one is good but One, that is, God . . ."** (Matthew 19:17b).]

7. "Their _____ is an open tomb" (13).

[Apart from God, man is spiritually dead (Ephesians 2:1), so words of destruction easily come from his mouth.]

8. "With their tongues they have practiced _____" (13).

[**"The words of his mouth are wickedness and deceit; he has ceased to be wise and to do good"** (Psalm 36:3).]

9. "The _____ of asps is under their lips" (13).

[**"But no man can tame the tongue. It is an unruly evil, full of deadly poison"** (James 3:8).]

10. “Whose mouth is full of _____ and _____” (14).

[Cursing includes speaking unkindly. Blessing includes speaking well of someone. **“Out of the same mouth proceed blessing and cursing. My brethren, these things ought not to be so”** (James 3:10). **“Looking diligently lest anyone fall short of the grace of God; lest any root of bitterness springing up cause trouble, and by this many become defiled”** (Hebrews 12:15).]

11. “Their feet are swift to _____” (15).

[What a picture of our world today! Hatred is the source of murder. **“Whoever hates his brother is a murderer, and you know that no murderer has eternal life abiding in him”** (1 John 3:15).]

12. “Destruction and _____ are in their ways” (16).

[**“Because you say, ‘I am rich, have become wealthy, and have need of nothing’—and do not know that you are wretched, miserable, poor, blind, and naked”** (Revelation 3:17).]

13. “And the way of _____ they have not known” (17).

[**“But the wicked are like the troubled sea, when it cannot rest, whose waters cast up mire and dirt. ‘There is no peace,’ says my God, ‘for the wicked’ ”** (Isaiah 57:20, 21).]

14. “There is no _____ of God before their eyes” (18).

[**“The fear of the LORD is to hate evil; pride and arrogance . . . and the perverse mouth I hate. The fear of the LORD is a fountain of life, to avoid the snares of death”** (Proverbs 8:13 and 14:27).]

God’s Charges Against Mankind

Paul is merely repeating the charges which had already been brought by God Himself (in the Old Testament). **“The heart is deceitful above all things, and desperately wicked; who can know it? I, the LORD, search the heart, I test the mind, even to give every man according to his ways, and according to the fruit of his doings”** (Jeremiah 17:9, 10).

God's Charges Against Man's Character

The first six charges against the character of unrighteous persons are listed in Psalm 14:1-3. **“The fool has said in his heart, ‘There is no God.’ They are corrupt, they have done abominable works, there is none who does good. The LORD looks down from heaven upon the children of men, to see if there are any who understand, who seek God. They have all turned aside, they have together become corrupt; there is none who does good, no, not one.”**

God's Charges Against Man's Speech

The next four charges have to do with man's mouth. **“For there is no faithfulness in their mouth; their inward part is destruction; their throat is an open tomb; they flatter with their tongue”** (Psalm 5:9). **“They sharpen their tongues like a serpent; the poison of asps is under their lips”** (Psalm 140:3). **“His mouth is full of cursing and deceit and oppression; under his tongue is trouble and iniquity”** (Psalm 10:7). Why does our speech reveal our heart? Jesus said, **“For out of the abundance of the heart the mouth speaks”** (Matthew 12:34b). Later He said, **“But those things which proceed out of the mouth come from the heart, and they defile a man”** (Matthew 15:18).

God's Charges Against Man's Ways

The next three charges have to do with man's feet—his ways. **“Their feet run to evil, and they make haste to shed innocent blood; their thoughts are thoughts of iniquity; wasting and destruction are in their paths. The way of peace they have not known, and there is no justice in their ways; they have made themselves crooked paths; whoever takes that way shall not know peace”** (Isaiah 59:7, 8).

God's Final Charge

The last charge gives the *cause* of such profound unrighteousness—pride. **“There is no fear of God before his eyes. For he flatters himself in his own eyes”** (Psalm 36:1b, 2a).

The Whole World Stands Guilty as Charged

God has searched all hearts. He has brought the charges. His Word and His law (holy standards) have shown us our sin. Not even by obeying God's laws as much as possible can a man be counted righteous in God's sight. **“For whoever shall keep the whole law, and yet stumble in one point, he is guilty of all”** (James 2:10).

Now we see the verdict: *GUILTY*. God finds the whole world guilty on all counts. Mankind is brought to silence. There is no defense before the great and awesome God.

The word “guilty” in Romans 3:19 literally means “under sentence.” Mankind is under sentence of death. Adam had been told the consequences of going his own way in rebellion against God's simple command. **“And the LORD God commanded the man, ‘Of every tree of the garden you may freely eat; but of the tree of the knowledge of good and evil you shall not eat, for in the day that you eat of it you shall surely die’”** (Genesis 2:16, 17). **“For the wages of sin is death”** (Romans 6:23a).

Paul wants us to know our guilt before God and to know the *absolute impossibility* of being right with God on our own. He wants us to see our *desperate need* for a Savior. He rightly paints a dark picture of mankind so that the brilliant light of the next chapters will shine more gloriously. He wants us to grasp God's plan of rescue like a drowning man gasps for air. How desperate is our situation! But—as we shall see in Lesson 7—how glorious is God's remedy!

LESSON 7. GOD'S SOLUTION TO SAVE SINNERS: THE GIFT OF RIGHTEOUSNESS BY FAITH

Romans 3:21-31

²¹But now the righteousness of God apart from the law is revealed, being witnessed by the Law and the Prophets, ²²even the righteousness of God which is through faith in Jesus Christ to all and on all who believe. For there is no difference; ²³for all have sinned and fall short of the glory of God, ²⁴being justified freely by His grace through the redemption that is in Christ Jesus, ²⁵whom God set forth to be a propitiation by His blood, through faith, to demonstrate His righteousness, because in His forbearance God had passed over the sins that were previously committed, ²⁶to demon-

strate at the present time His righteousness, that He might be just and the justifier of the one who has faith in Jesus. ²⁷Where is boasting then? It is excluded. By what law? Of works? No, but by the law of faith. ²⁸Therefore we conclude that a man is justified by faith apart from the deeds of the law. ²⁹Or is He the God of the Jews only? Is He not also the God of the Gentiles? Yes, of the Gentiles also, ³⁰since there is one God who will justify the circumcised by faith and the uncircumcised through faith. ³¹Do we then make void the law through faith? Certainly not! On the contrary, we establish the law.

Something to Do

Fill in the blanks to find God's way to be righteous:

1. The righteousness of God is revealed "apart from the _____" (21). It is "through faith in _____, to _____ and on all who _____" (22).
2. Those who believe are "justified [declared righteous] freely by His grace through the _____ that is in Christ Jesus" (24). God set forth Jesus to be a "_____ [see page 24] by His _____, through faith, to demonstrate His _____" (25).
3. God wanted to demonstrate His righteousness, "that He

might be _____ and the _____ of the one who has faith in _____” (26).

4. “Where is boasting then? It is _____” (27).

[We cannot boast about something we receive as a free gift and have not earned. **“Not by works of righteousness which we have done, but according to His mercy He saved us”** (Titus 3:5a.)]

5. “We conclude that a man is justified [declared righteous] by _____ apart from the _____ of the law” (28). This is called “the law of _____” (27).

God’s Way of Righteousness

We have seen that the Old Testament is a witness to the fact that mankind is guilty on all charges. The inescapable consequence is a sentence of death. Now Paul will prove that the Old Testament is also a witness to another truth: *the righteousness of God can be received apart from the law by faith in Jesus Christ*. The witness for the prosecution (God’s Word) is also the witness for the defense!

What an awesome thing God did for sinners when Jesus died on the cross! God revealed that He is a *righteous* God, who hates sin and cannot excuse it. Yet at the same time He revealed that He is a *faithful* God, who keeps His promises, and a *loving, merciful* God, who has compassion on sinners.

What “Justification” Means

The word “justification” is a legal term meaning “acquitted,” “regarded as innocent,” or “declared righteous.” In the Greek language—the language in which the New Testament was originally written—this word has the same root as the word “righteous.” There *is a way* in which God—the Righteous Judge, who declares man “guilty” on all counts and sentenced to death—can also declare man “acquitted” or

“righteous” on all counts and freed from all penalties. What wonderful news! How can this be? We learned in Romans 2:13 that **“the doers of the law will be justified”** (acquitted or declared righteous). But no one can do all that God’s law demands. *Yet Someone—Jesus—did!* And He did it for us!

God Himself became flesh and lived among men (John 1:1, 14) as a Son who lived a life in perfect obedience to His Father in heaven. Speaking of the Messiah (Christ) who would come, Isaiah the prophet said, **“My righteous Servant shall justify many, for He shall bear their iniquities”** (Isaiah 53:11b). Yes, **“He had done no violence, nor was any deceit in His mouth. Yet it pleased the LORD to bruise Him; He has put Him to grief”** (Isaiah 53:9b, 10a).

God sent Jesus *to take our sin upon Himself* and pay the death penalty for us. In exchange *He wants to give us His righteousness*. **“For He made Him who knew no sin to be sin for us, that we might become the righteousness of God in Him”** (2 Corinthians 5:21). What an amazing exchange!

This righteousness—God’s righteousness—is available as a GIFT to all who trust in Jesus as their substitute. You can be justified (acquitted and declared righteous) freely (without doing anything to deserve it) because of His grace (what God does for you that you cannot do for yourself).

“Faith”—just believing that what God says is true—is the way your heart receives a free gift from God. **“For by grace you have been saved through faith, and that not of yourselves; it is the gift of God, not of works, lest anyone should boast”** (Ephesians 2:8, 9).

What a wonderful salvation! There is no other way to be saved. **“Nor is there salvation in any other, for there is no other name under heaven given among men by which we must be saved”** (Acts 4:12). Jesus said, **“For if you do not**

believe that I am He, you will die in your sins” (John 8:24b).

What “Redemption” Means

“Redemption” means “to buy back” or “to pay the ransom in full.” When Adam yielded to the temptation of Satan, mankind came under the power of sin and death. Jesus paid the ransom—the just penalty required by God—to set man free from sin and death. **“The Son of Man did not come to be served, but to serve, and to give His life a ransom for many”** (Matthew 20:28b). **“For there is one God and one Mediator between God and men, the Man Christ Jesus, who gave Himself a ransom for all”** (1 Timothy 2:5, 6a).

“In Him we have redemption through His blood, the forgiveness of sins” (Ephesians 1:7a). Will you right now thank Him for paying this costly price for your salvation? He is worthy of our praise through all eternity, **“for You were slain, and have redeemed us to God by Your blood out of every tribe and tongue and people and nation”** (Revelation 5:9b).

What “Propitiation” Means

The word “propitiation” means the *satisfying* of God’s holy law by meeting its just demands. The blood of Jesus did that for us. **“It is the blood that makes atonement for the soul”** (Leviticus 17:11b). When Jesus shed His blood for the sins of the world, the law was satisfied. The penalty for sin (death) was paid in full. The same word is used for the “mercy seat” in the temple of God, where blood was sprinkled and where the presence of a holy God dwelt among His people. **“In this is love, not that we loved God, but that he loved us and sent His Son to be the propitiation for our sins”** (1 John 4:10). **“And He Himself is the propitiation for our sins, and not for ours only but also for the whole world”** (1 John 2:2).

LESSON 8. ABRAHAM IS AN EXAMPLE OF BEING DECLARED RIGHTEOUS BY FAITH

Romans 4:1-25

¹What then shall we say that Abraham our father has found according to the flesh? ²For if Abraham was justified by works, he has something of which to boast, but not before God. ³For what does the Scripture say? "Abraham believed God, and it was accounted to him for righteousness." ⁴Now to him who works, the wages are not counted as grace but as debt.

⁵But to him who does not work but believes on Him who justifies the ungodly, his faith is accounted for righteousness, ⁶just as David also describes the blessedness of the man to whom God imputes righteousness apart from works: ⁷"Blessed are those whose lawless deeds are forgiven, and whose sins are covered; ⁸blessed is the man to whom the Lord shall not impute sin."

⁹Does this blessedness then come upon the circumcised only, or upon the uncircumcised also? For we say that faith was accounted to Abraham for righteousness. ¹⁰How then was it accounted? While he was circumcised, or uncir-

cumcised? Not while circumcised, but while uncircumcised. ¹¹And he received the sign of circumcision, a seal of the righteousness of the faith which he had while still uncircumcised, that he might be the father of all those who believe, though they are uncircumcised, that righteousness might be imputed to them also, ¹²and the father of circumcision to those who not only are of the circumcision, but who also walk in the steps of the faith which our father Abraham had while still uncircumcised.

¹³For the promise that he would be the heir of the world was not to Abraham or to his seed through the law, but through the righteousness of faith. ¹⁴For if those who are of the law are heirs, faith is made void and the promise made of no effect, ¹⁵because the law brings about wrath; for where there is no law there is no transgression. ¹⁶Therefore it is of faith that it might be according to grace, so that the promise might be sure to all the seed, not only to those who are of the law, but also to those who

are of the faith of Abraham, who is the father of us all ¹⁷(as it is written, “I have made you a father of many nations”) in the presence of Him whom he believed, even God, who gives life to the dead and calls those things which do not exist as though they did; ¹⁸who, contrary to hope, in hope believed, so that he became the father of many nations, according to what was spoken, “So shall your descendants be.” ¹⁹And not being weak in faith, he did not consider his own body, already dead (since he was about a hundred years old), and the deadness of

Sarah’s womb. ²⁰He did not waver at the promise of God through unbelief, but was strengthened in faith, giving glory to God, ²¹and being fully convinced that what He had promised He was also able to perform. ²²And therefore “it was accounted to him for righteousness.” ²³Now it was not written for his sake alone that it was imputed to him, ²⁴but also for us. It shall be imputed to us who believe in Him who raised up Jesus our Lord from the dead, ²⁵who was delivered up because of our offenses, and was raised because of our justification.

Two Old Testament Examples of Justification

Paul presents witnesses from the Old Testament Scriptures to prove that God justifies people by faith and forgives sin. *Abraham* was declared righteous by God just because he believed God. *David* said, “**Blessed is he whose transgression is forgiven, whose sin is covered. Blessed is the man to whom the LORD does not impute iniquity**” (Psalm 32:1, 2a). Do you know the blessing of your sins forgiven?

How Abraham Was Justified

Was Abraham declared righteous because of the things he did? Was He declared righteous because he was circumcised? (Circumcision was the sign of a covenant between God and Abraham.) Paul explains that the answer is “No.” Abraham was not declared righteous because he earned it, like earning wages, but by receiving a gift from God.

Paul reminded the believers in Rome of God's promise to childless Abraham, “ ‘**Look now toward heaven, and count the stars if you are able to number them.**’ And He said to him, ‘**So shall your descendants be.**’ And he believed in the LORD, and He accounted it to him for righteousness” (Genesis 15:5b, 6). It would be many years before Abraham saw God's promise fulfilled with even one child, but Abraham knew God and trusted Him. His faith was strong.

Abraham *believed God* and was justified (declared righteous) by God 14 years before he was circumcised and 430 years before God's law was given to Moses. Although God's promise seemed impossible, Abraham believed God. Abraham's obedience to God was a *result* of the faith which had already been accounted to him for righteousness.

Those Who Believe God Are the True Children of Abraham

Earlier Paul had written in another letter, “**Therefore know that only those who are of faith are sons of Abraham. So then those who are of faith are blessed with believing Abraham**” (Galatians 3:7, 9).

Something to Do

Answer these questions from Romans chapter 4:

1. Whose faith is counted as righteousness? “To him who does not _____ but _____ on Him who justifies the _____” (verse 5).

2. When was Abraham's faith accounted for righteousness? While he was _____ (10).

[It was *before* he performed any religious rite.]

3. What was the sign of circumcision [cutting of the flesh]? It was “a _____ of the righteousness of the _____”

which he had” *before* he was circumcised (11).

[A seal is a sign given to show that something is true.]

4. Why did Abraham receive this seal of righteousness? “That he might be the _____ of all those who _____, though they are uncircumcised, that _____ might be imputed [credited] to them also” (11).

5. What did Abraham believe about God? He “gives life to the _____ and calls those things which do not _____ as though they did” (17b).

[“**And you He made alive, who were dead in trespasses and sins**” (Ephesians 2:1). Do you believe that God has done this for you?]

6. How did Abraham show himself strengthened in faith? By “giving _____ to God” (20).

7. Of what was Abraham fully convinced? “That what [God] had promised He was also able to _____” (21).

[Are you fully convinced that the blood of Jesus cleanses you from all sin and that you have eternal life through Him as He promised? If so, be strengthened in faith and give Him glory. “**I know whom I have believed and am persuaded that He is able to keep what I have committed to Him until that Day**” (2 Timothy 1:12b).]

8. Who else will have righteousness credited to them? “It shall be imputed to us who _____ in Him who _____ up Jesus our Lord from the _____” (24).

9. Why was Jesus crucified and raised from the dead? He was “delivered up because of our _____ [against God], and was raised because of our _____” (25).

[Jesus died to take the penalty for our sins and to remove our sins from us. His resurrection showed that God had accepted the sacrifice and declared us righteous in Him. “**And He died for all, that those who live should live no longer for themselves, but for Him who died for them and rose again**” (2 Corinthians 5:15).]

LESSON 9. THE BLESSINGS OF JUSTIFICATION

Romans 5:1-11

¹Therefore, having been justified by faith, we have peace with God through our Lord Jesus Christ, ²through whom also we have access by faith into this grace in which we stand, and rejoice in hope of the glory of God. ³And not only that, but we also glory in tribulations, knowing that tribulation produces perseverance; ⁴and perseverance, character; and character, hope. ⁵Now hope does not disappoint, because the love of God has been poured out in our hearts by the Holy Spirit who was given to us.

⁶For when we were still without strength, in due time Christ died for the ungodly. ⁷For

scarcely for a righteous man will one die; yet perhaps for a good man someone would even dare to die. ⁸But God demonstrates His own love toward us, in that while we were still sinners, Christ died for us. ⁹Much more then, having now been justified by His blood, we shall be saved from wrath through Him. ¹⁰For if when we were enemies we were reconciled to God through the death of His Son, much more, having been reconciled, we shall be saved by His life. ¹¹And not only that, but we also rejoice in God through our Lord Jesus Christ, through whom we have now received the reconciliation.

Something to Do

Fill in the blanks to find out the many blessings we have when we are justified (declared righteous) by faith in Jesus. Are you delighting in each of these blessings?

1. "We have _____ with _____ through our Lord Jesus Christ" (verse 1).

2. Through Jesus "we have _____ by faith into this grace in which we stand" (2).

[Because of what Jesus has done for us, we have favor with God and can approach Him for anything He has promised. "Let us therefore come boldly to the throne of grace, that we may obtain mercy and find grace to help in time of need" (Hebrews 4:16).]

3. We “rejoice in hope of the _____ of God” (2).

[We see God’s glory as the Holy Spirit reveals Him to us in God’s Word and as we allow Jesus to live in us. **“Christ in you, the hope of glory”** (Colossians 1:27b). One day we will see Him face to face and be like Him (1 John 3:2).]

4. “We also glory in _____, knowing that tribulation produces _____; and perseverance, _____; and character, _____” (3, 4).

[**“My brethren, count it all joy when you fall into various trials, knowing that the testing of your faith produces patience”** (James 1:2, 3). Tribulation is like a threshing instrument which separates the grain from the husks. By God’s grace, tribulation can purify our lives. If we truly want to be like Christ, this brings us great joy.]

5. “Hope does not _____, because the _____ of God has been poured out in our hearts by the _____ who was given to us” (5).

[The Holy Spirit floods us with the knowledge that God loves us and fills us with love for Him and others. The proof of God’s love is that Christ gave His life for us while we were still sinners (verse 8).]

6. “Much more then, having now been justified [declared righteous] by His blood, we shall be saved from _____ through Him” (9).

[**“For God did not appoint us to wrath, but to obtain salvation through our Lord Jesus Christ, who died for us, that whether we wake or sleep, we should live together with Him”** (1 Thessalonians 5:9, 10).]

7. “Having been reconciled [restored to friendship with God], we shall be _____ by His _____” (10).

[We are also saved (delivered) from the power of sin in our lives by the resurrected life of Jesus living in us and His intervening for us in heaven. **“Therefore He is also able to save to the uttermost those who come to God through Him, since He always lives to make intercession for them”** (Hebrews 7:25).]

LESSON 10. A PICTURE OF TWO ADAMS

Romans 5:12-21

¹²Therefore, just as through one man sin entered the world, and death through sin, and thus death spread to all men, because all sinned—¹³(For until the law sin was in the world, but sin is not imputed when there is no law. ¹⁴Nevertheless death reigned from Adam to Moses, even over those who had not sinned according to the likeness of the transgression of Adam, who is a type of Him who was to come. ¹⁵But the free gift is not like the offense. For if by the one man's offense many died, much more the grace of God and the gift by the grace of the one Man, Jesus Christ, abounded to many. ¹⁶And the gift is not like that which came through the one who sinned. For the judgment which came from one offense resulted in condemnation, but the free gift which came from many offenses resulted in jus-

tification. ¹⁷For if by the one man's offense death reigned through the one, much more those who receive abundance of grace and of the gift of righteousness will reign in life through the One, Jesus Christ.) ¹⁸Therefore, as through one man's offense judgment came to all men, resulting in condemnation, even so through one Man's righteous act the free gift came to all men, resulting in justification of life. ¹⁹For as by one man's disobedience many were made sinners, so also by one Man's obedience many will be made righteous. ²⁰Moreover the law entered that the offense might abound. But where sin abounded, grace abounded much more, ²¹so that as sin reigned in death, even so grace might reign through righteousness to eternal life through Jesus Christ our Lord.

Something to Do

Find out the differences between the first Adam (created by God in the beginning) and the last Adam (Jesus Christ):

The First Adam

1. "Through one man _____ entered the world, and death through sin, and thus _____ spread to _____"

men, because all _____” (verse 12).

2. “By one man’s offense death _____” (17a).

3. “Through one man’s offense _____ came to _____ men, resulting in _____” (18a).

[Condemnation means to be “declared guilty.” “**He who does not believe is condemned already, because he has not believed in the name of the only begotten Son of God**” (John 3:18b).]

4. “For as by one man’s _____ many were made _____” (19a).

[When Adam sinned, all of his descendants (who were within him) became sinners. We are born with a nature that sins.]

5. “Sin reigned in _____” (21a).

[“**For as in Adam all die**” (1 Corinthians 15:22a).]

The Last Adam, Jesus Christ

6. “The grace of God and the _____ by the grace of the one Man, Jesus Christ, abounded to _____” (15b).

[Grace is what God does for us that we cannot do for ourselves. The gift of life is available to all who receive it by faith in Jesus.]

7. “The _____ gift which came from [because of] many offenses resulted in _____” (16b).

[Offenses against God could be taken care of only by a free gift. Jesus paid the penalty for our sins (death); therefore God could declare those who trust in Him “not guilty.” Justification means being “declared righteous” and right with God. What a wonderful gift!]

8. “Those who receive abundance of _____ and of the gift of righteousness will _____ in life” (17b).

[“**Grace and truth came by Jesus Christ**” (John 1:17b). Jesus is full of grace, and those who have His life in them can have plenty of grace for victory in life. “**God resists the proud, but gives grace to the humble**” (James 4:6b). “**Now thanks be to God who always leads us in triumph in Christ**” (2 Corinthians 2:14a).]

9. “Through one Man’s _____ act the free gift

came to _____ men, resulting in justification of _____” (18b).

[The righteous act of Jesus’ dying in our place satisfied the penalty demanded by God’s law, so He is justified (has good reason) to declare us righteous and give us life. **“Even so in Christ all shall be made alive. The last Adam [Jesus] became a life-giving spirit”** (1 Corinthians 15:22b, 45b).]

10. “So also by one Man’s _____ many will be made _____” (19b).

[**“He humbled Himself and became obedient to the point of death, even the death of the cross”** (Philippians 2:8b). Because Jesus was obedient, all who are united with Him are *declared* righteous. His powerful life in them also *makes* them righteous (to be like Jesus).]

You Need to Be Born Again

You were born with the sinful tendencies of Adam which lead to death. The human heart is desperately wicked (Jeremiah 17:9) and cannot be repaired. *You need to be born again with a new heart.* God promised, **“I will give you a new heart and put a new spirit within you”** (Ezekiel 36:26a).

Jesus did not inherit Adam’s sinful nature, because God was His Father, not Adam. Only the sinless Son of God could begin a new line of people who, by faith in Him, inherit the righteous characteristics of their Father in heaven.

“But as many as received Him, to them He gave the right to become children of God, even to those who believe in His name” (John 1:12). Have you been born a child of God by believing that Jesus died in your place and by receiving Him? If not, receive Him right now. Then thank God for the gift of new life in Jesus! **“Therefore, if anyone is in Christ, he is a new creation; old things have passed away; behold, all things have become new”** (2 Corinthians 5:17).

In future lessons you will learn *how* to live this new life.

LESSON 11. HOW TO BE FREED FROM SIN

Romans 6:1-14

¹What shall we say then? Shall we continue in sin that grace may abound? ²Certainly not! How shall we who died to sin live any longer in it? ³Or do you not know that as many of us as were baptized into Christ Jesus were baptized into His death? ⁴Therefore we were buried with Him through baptism into death, that just as Christ was raised from the dead by the glory of the Father, even so we also should walk in newness of life. ⁵For if we have been united together in the likeness of His death, certainly we also shall be in the likeness of His resurrection, ⁶knowing this, that our old man was crucified with Him, that the body of sin might be done away with, that we should no longer be slaves of sin. ⁷For he who has died has been freed from sin.

⁸Now if we died with Christ, we believe that we shall also live with Him, ⁹knowing that Christ, having been raised from the dead, dies no more. Death no longer has dominion over Him. ¹⁰For the death that He died, He died to sin once for all; but the life that He lives, He lives to God. ¹¹Likewise you also, reckon yourselves to be dead indeed to sin, but alive to God in Christ Jesus our Lord. ¹²Therefore do not let sin reign in your mortal body, that you should obey it in its lusts. ¹³And do not present your members as instruments of unrighteousness to sin, but present yourselves to God as being alive from the dead, and your members as instruments of righteousness to God. ¹⁴For sin shall not have dominion over you, for you are not under law but under grace.

Our Identification with Jesus Christ

In Lesson 10 we learned that in Jesus we gained “much more” than what we lost in Adam. As condemnation came to the entire human race through one man—Adam, salvation came to the human race through one Man—Jesus Christ.

Those who draw physical life from Adam are in bondage to sin. Those who draw spiritual life from Jesus Christ are freed from the bondage to sin. They are freed to live for God.

Baptism (which literally means “immersion”) in water is an outward witness to what actually happens inside those who trust in Jesus Christ. By faith a true Christian knows he has been united with Christ in His death, burial, and resurrection. Going under the water shows that in Christ the believer’s old sinful life has died and been buried. Coming up from the water shows that the believer is united with Christ in His resurrected new life and is alive with a new life to serve God and to be fruitful.

“I have been crucified with Christ; it is no longer I who live, but Christ lives in me; and the life which I now live in the flesh I live by faith in the Son of God, who loved me and gave Himself for me” (Galatians 2:20).

In Lesson 2 we learned that the righteousness of God is “revealed from faith to faith.” First we are freed from the *guilt* and *penalty* of sin when we believe that Christ died in our place. God can declare us “not guilty” and declare us righteous by crediting Christ’s righteousness to our account.

Now we see that salvation (deliverance) also includes freedom from the *power* of sin. Romans 6:1-14 helps us know what to do about sin while we still live in a physical body in a sinful world. These verses help us to know that we can live righteously by the power of Christ’s resurrected life working in us, making us more and more like Him. We need not be dominated by sins which controlled us in the past.

Something to Do

Fill in the blanks from Romans 6 to learn what Paul wants us to KNOW, to RECKON, and to PRESENT (yield):

Paul tells us to truly KNOW

1. “that our old man was _____ with Him, that the body of sin might be done away with [meaning ‘not

able to operate’], that we should no longer be _____ of sin” (verse 6). “He who has died has been _____ from sin” (7).

2. “that Christ, having been _____ from the dead, dies no more” (9). “He died to sin _____ for all; but the life that He lives, He lives to _____” (10).

[When Christ died to sin, those who are united with Him died to sin as well. And as Christ lives to God, they also live to God.]

Paul tells us to RECKON (count on, believe as true)

3. “yourselves to be _____ indeed to _____, but _____ to _____ in Christ Jesus our Lord” (11).

[We can be alive to God only by being in Jesus, who is alive to God. **“For you died, and your life is hidden with Christ in God”** (Colossians 3:3). Because you died, you don’t have to obey what your body wants. **“If One died for all, then all died; and He died for all, that those who live should live no longer for themselves, but for Him who died for them and rose again”** (2 Corinthians 5:14b, 15).]

Paul tells us to PRESENT (yield, put at God’s disposal)

4. “yourselves to God as being _____ from the _____” (13b).

5. “your members [eyes, ears, mouth, hands, feet, etc.] as _____ of _____ to God” (13b).

[We are NOT to allow our bodies to sin as we used to do. Now we give all the parts of our body to God for doing what is right. What a wonderful, awesome partnership with God! He wants to live in us, make us like Christ, and do His work through us, just like He was able to do through Jesus when He was on earth. As you do this, He promises that sin will not have dominion over you (verse 14).]

**KNOWING and BELIEVING and YIELDING leads to
GOD’S DOING in us and through us what we cannot do.**

LESSON 12. BELIEVERS ARE SLAVES OF RIGHTEOUSNESS

Romans 6:15-23

¹⁵What then? Shall we sin because we are not under law but under grace? Certainly not!

¹⁶Do you not know that to whom you present yourselves slaves to obey, you are that one's slaves whom you obey, whether of sin to death, or of obedience to righteousness?

¹⁷But God be thanked that though you were slaves of sin, yet you obeyed from the heart that form of doctrine to which you were delivered. ¹⁸And having been set free from sin, you became slaves of righteousness. ¹⁹I speak in human terms because of the weakness of your flesh. For just as you presented your members as

slaves of uncleanness, and of lawlessness leading to more lawlessness, so now present your members as slaves of righteousness for holiness.

²⁰For when you were slaves of sin, you were free in regard to righteousness. ²¹What fruit did you have then in the things of which you are now ashamed? For the end of those things is death. ²²But now having been set free from sin, and having become slaves of God, you have your fruit to holiness, and the end, everlasting life. ²³For the wages of sin is death, but the gift of God is eternal life in Christ Jesus our Lord.

Which Master Do You Serve?

Before God declared us righteous in Christ, we served sin. Sin is a hard taskmaster, making us do things that lead to misery and death. How wonderful it is to serve righteousness! Now that we have been freed from sin, we can yield ourselves to obey the righteous things God wants us to do.

Do you know who your master is? **“No one can serve two masters; for either he will hate the one and love the other, or else he will be loyal to the one and despise the other”** (Matthew 6:24a). **“In this the children of God and the children of the devil are manifest: Whoever does not practice righteousness is not of God, nor is he who does not love**

his brother” (1 John 3:10). Jesus clearly described the difference between the two masters: **“The thief does not come except to steal, and to kill, and to destroy. I have come that they may have life, and that they may have it more abundantly. I am the good shepherd. The good shepherd gives His life for the sheep”** (John 10:10, 11). Satan, the deceiver and thief, tries to make sin look desirable but comes to destroy us. Jesus, the good Shepherd, came to give us abundant life and to care for us. He even died for us.

You are a slave of the master you obey. One master, sin, *pays wages*—death. The other master, God, offers to *give* you what you cannot earn—eternal life in Jesus. **“And this is eternal life, that they may know You, the only true God, and Jesus Christ whom You have sent”** (John 17:3).

There Is Fruitfulness in Christ

Jesus says, **“I am the vine, you are the branches. He who abides in Me, and I in him, bears much fruit; for without Me you can do nothing”** (John 15:5). Those who are in union with Christ will bear the fruit of becoming like Him. **“But the fruit of the Spirit is love, joy, peace, longsuffering, kindness, goodness, faithfulness, gentleness, self-control”** (Galatians 5:22, 23a). What Christ does in you and through you will last for eternity.

Both Sin and Righteousness Multiply

Being a slave of sin and using your body for lawlessness (going your own way) leads only to more lawlessness.

But when God sets you free from sin (salvation), you become a slave of righteousness with new desires urging you to do what is right. This leads to more and more holiness (sanctification). **“For it is God who works in you both to will and to do for His good pleasure”** (Philippians 2:13).

LESSON 13. FREEDOM FROM BONDAGE TO GOD'S LAW

Romans 7:1-13

¹Or do you not know, brethren (for I speak to those who know the law), that the law has dominion over a man as long as he lives? ²For the woman who has a husband is bound by the law to her husband as long as he lives. But if the husband dies, she is released from the law of her husband. ³So then if, while her husband lives, she marries another man, she will be called an adulteress; but if her husband dies, she is free from that law, so that she is no adulteress, though she has married another man. ⁴Therefore, my brethren, you also have become dead to the law through the body of Christ, that you may be married to another, even to Him who was raised from the dead, that we should bear fruit to God. ⁵For when we were in the flesh, the passions of sins which were aroused by the law were at work in our members to bear fruit to death. ⁶But now we have been delivered from the law, having died to what we were held by, so that we should serve in the newness of

the Spirit and not in the oldness of the letter.

⁷What shall we say then? Is the law sin? Certainly not! On the contrary, I would not have known sin except through the law. For I would not have known covetousness unless the law had said, "You shall not covet." ⁸But sin, taking opportunity by the commandment, produced in me all manner of evil desire. For apart from the law sin was dead. ⁹I was alive once without the law, but when the commandment came, sin revived and I died. ¹⁰And the commandment, which was to bring life, I found to bring death. ¹¹For sin, taking occasion by the commandment, deceived me, and by it killed me. ¹²Therefore the law is holy, and the commandment holy and just and good.

¹³Has then what is good become death to me? Certainly not! But sin, that it might appear sin, was producing death in me through what is good, so that sin through the commandment might become exceedingly sinful.

The Illustration of Marriage

Paul explains the believer's relationship to God's law by comparing it to marriage, which God intended to be lifelong. Paul says that the law of God is like a husband. We are tied to that husband as long as he is alive.

God's law has not died. **“Forever, O LORD, Your word is settled in heaven”** (Psalm 119:89). Jesus said, **“Do not think that I came to destroy the Law or the Prophets. I did not come to destroy but to fulfill. . . . Till heaven and earth pass away, one jot or one tittle will by no means pass from the law till all be fulfilled”** (Matthew 5:17, 18). **“The word of God stands forever”** (Isaiah 40:8b).

Paul turns the illustration around to show that we can die and no longer be obligated to the law. We are then free to start a *new relationship*. Isn't that interesting? It is our sinful self which must die. How wonderful that Jesus Christ, who fulfilled all the law with His righteous life, died in our place and gives us a new life, to be lived by faith in Him! If we are in Christ (by trusting in Him as our Savior), we died with Christ when He died. We are then free from bondage to the law. Having risen from the dead with Christ, we are free to live a new life, “married” (united) with Christ forever. This union produces the fruit of righteousness. There is no life, no salvation, no holy living apart from union with Jesus Christ.

The Law Cannot Make You Righteous

The law cannot give life or the power to obey God's law. **“For if there had been a law given which could have given life, truly righteousness would have been by the law”** (Galatians 3:21b). **“For the law made nothing perfect; on the other hand, there is the bringing in of a better hope, through which we draw near to God”** (Hebrews 7:19).

Life is found in a Person, not in obeying laws. Jesus is Life. He said, **“I am the way, the truth, and the life. No one comes to the Father except through Me”** (John 14:6b). Jesus said to those who would not believe in Him, **“You search the Scriptures, for in them you think you have eternal life; and these are they which testify of Me. But you are not willing to come to Me that you may have life”** (John 5:39, 40). Jesus said, **“He who believes in Me, though he may die, he shall live. And whoever lives and believes in Me shall never die. Do you believe this?”** (John 11:25b, 26).

The Law Sentenced You to Death

The law says, **“A person shall be put to death for his own sin”** (Deuteronomy 24:16b). **“The soul who sins shall die”** (Ezekiel 18:4b). **“The wages of sin is death”** (Romans 6:23a).

The Purpose of the Law

1. *The law was made for sinners* (to restrain sin). **“Knowing this: that the law is not made for a righteous person, but for the lawless and insubordinate [disobedient], for the ungodly and for sinners”** (1 Timothy 1:9a). **“So He declared to you His covenant which He commanded you to perform, that is, the Ten Commandments”** (Deuteronomy 4:13a).

2. *The law tells us what sin is.* **“For by the law is the knowledge of sin”** (Romans 3:20b). For example, Paul knew that coveting was a sin because it was one of the Ten Commandments (Exodus 20). If we did not know God’s commands, we would not know how sinful we are (Romans 7:13).

3. *The law pronounces us guilty before God.* **“Now we know that whatever the law says, it says to those who are under the law, that every mouth may be stopped, and all the world may become guilty before God”** (Romans 3:19). The

commandments “kill us” because the penalty for breaking them is death.

4. *The law prepared the way for Christ.* “**What purpose then does the law serve? It was added because of transgressions, till the Seed should come to whom the promise was made**” (Galatians 3:19a). The Seed was Christ (Galatians 3:16). The law prepared the people for the coming of a Savior. The Word of God prepares people for Jesus today by showing them their need for a Savior.

5. *The law was to bring us to Christ.* “**But before faith came, we were kept under guard by the law, kept for the faith which would afterward be revealed. Therefore the law was our tutor to bring us to Christ, that we might be justified by faith. But after faith has come, we are no longer under a tutor**” (Galatians 3:23-25).

The Law of God Is Holy and Good

Some may say, “If knowing the law makes us sin (rebel) even more, is it because the law is not good?” Paul says, “Of course not!” (Romans 7:13). “**Your word is very pure; therefore Your servant loves it**” (Psalm 119:140). “**The law of the LORD is perfect**” (Psalm 19:7a). The law is good; it is we who were not good, and the law could not make us good. God had to give us new life by Jesus Christ. “**And that you put on the new man which was created according to God, in righteousness and true holiness**” (Ephesians 4:24).

Union with Christ

When God created Adam and Eve, they were one flesh. “**And Adam said: ‘This is now bone of my bones and flesh of my flesh’**” (Genesis 2:23a). Marriage is an illustration of how close a believer is to Christ—as close as being a part of

His body. **“For we are members of His body, of His flesh and of His bones. This is a great mystery, but I speak concerning Christ and the church”** (Ephesians 5:30, 32).

Jesus nourishes and cherishes His bride, the Church, as His own body (Ephesians 5:29). Because we are so united with Christ (like parts of His body and like a bride married to her husband), we are to be holy and let Him nourish and cleanse us continually. **“Christ also loved the church and gave Himself for it, that He might sanctify and cleanse it with the washing of water by the word, that He might present it to Himself a glorious church, . . . holy and without blemish”** (Ephesians 5:25b-27). **“But he who is joined to the Lord is one spirit with Him”** (1 Corinthians 6:17).

Christ Sets You Free from the Law’s Demands

“And you, being dead in your trespasses and the uncircumcision of your flesh, He has made alive together with Him, having forgiven you all trespasses, having wiped out the handwriting of requirements that was against us, which was contrary to us. And He has taken it out of the way, having nailed it to the cross” (Colossians 2:13, 14). It was as if a list of all of the laws of God we had broken was nailed to the cross of Jesus marked *“Paid in Full.”* What freedom! This does not mean that we are now free to sin. No! Our new life in Christ wants to please and honor God. **“For I through the law died to the law that I might live to God”** (Galatians 2:19).

We now have the holy life of Jesus in us to empower us to live a holy life. **“Or do you not know that your body is the temple of the Holy Spirit who is in you, whom you have from God, and you are not your own? For you were bought at a price; therefore glorify God in your body and in your spirit, which are God’s”** (1 Corinthians 6:19, 20).

LESSON 14. THE STRUGGLE BETWEEN TWO NATURES

Romans 7:14-25

¹⁴For we know that the law is spiritual, but I am carnal, sold under sin. ¹⁵For what I am doing, I do not understand. For what I will to do, that I do not practice; but what I hate, that I do. ¹⁶If, then, I do what I will not to do, I agree with the law that it is good. ¹⁷But now, it is no longer I who do it, but sin that dwells in me. ¹⁸For I know that in me (that is, in my flesh) nothing good dwells; for to will is present with me, but how to perform what is good I do not find. ¹⁹For the good that I will to do, I do not do; but the evil I will not to do, that I practice. ²⁰Now if I do

what I will not to do, it is no longer I who do it, but sin that dwells in me. ²¹I find then a law, that evil is present with me, the one who wills to do good. ²²For I delight in the law of God according to the inward man. ²³But I see another law in my members, warring against the law of my mind, and bringing me into captivity to the law of sin which is in my members.

²⁴O wretched man that I am! Who will deliver me from this body of death? ²⁵I thank God — through Jesus Christ our Lord! So then, with the mind I myself serve the law of God, but with the flesh the law of sin.

The Total Helplessness of Self

How wonderful it is to be dead to sin and dead to the law's demands! Instead, we are alive to God and declared righteous through faith in Jesus Christ. We have seen what Jesus has done for us. Now Paul is showing us a problem that needs to be dealt with before we can live holy lives to God.

Paul is describing the dilemma of everyone who delights in the law of God. He knows God's law is good. He wants to do what is right, and he tries his very best to do it. But everyone who sets out to try to live the Christian life in his own strength comes to the same conclusion Paul did. The mighty struggle

between the flesh (human wisdom and effort which is independent of God) and the Spirit of God now living within him (wanting to do what God wants) causes him to cry out to God for deliverance.

Paul found that his “flesh” was no more able to please God after he was saved than before he was saved. He concludes that there is no good at all in his flesh. This is a wonderful revelation, because now Paul calls out for help. There is only one Person who can help. Paul knew that deliverance is found in Jesus Christ and gratefully cried out, **“I thank God—through Jesus Christ our Lord!”** In the next lessons you will see that we can be delivered from the struggle with the flesh by walking in the Spirit of Christ, who lives in us.

Believers in the region of Galatia had a similar problem. They had received Christ by faith, but then they tried to perfect themselves in their own strength—“in the flesh.” Paul, who knew this problem so well, had written to them, **“O foolish Galatians! . . . Did you receive the Spirit by the works of the law, or by the hearing of faith? Are you so foolish? Having begun in the Spirit, are you now being made perfect by the flesh?”** (Galatians 3:1-3). Those who have *received* new life by faith in Jesus can *live* the Christian life only by faith in Jesus. **“The just [the person justified, or declared righteous, by God] shall live by faith”** (Galatians 3:11b).

The Power of Christ Within Us

After we come to Christ by faith for *salvation* from the guilt and penalty of sin, we must continue to come to Christ by faith for *sanctification*, living a holy life with power over the pull of sin. “Jesus” means “Jehovah is salvation.” **“But of Him you are in Christ Jesus, who became for us wisdom from God—and righteousness and sanctification and**

redemption—that, as it is written, ‘He who glories, let him glory in the LORD’ ” (1 Corinthians 1:30, 31). A Person—Jesus Himself—is our sanctification. In our own strength, we cannot live the Christian life. Only Christ in us can live a holy life. As we live by faith in Him and yield ourselves to Him, He gives us the desire to do God’s will and the power to live a holy life. “I have been crucified with Christ; it is no longer I who live, but Christ lives in me; and the life which I now live in the flesh I live by faith in the Son of God, who loved me and gave Himself for me” (Galatians 2:20).

The Flesh and the Spirit

As long as we live under the law, trying to meet the obligations of the law, we will have a problem. Paul explains it this way: **“For it is written that Abraham had two sons: the one by a bondwoman, the other by a freewoman. But he who was of the bondwoman was born according to the flesh [by human ideas, by Abraham’s going his own way], and he of the freewoman through promise [born supernaturally, as God’s idea and provision]” (Galatians 4:22, 23).** The “old man” (our old life) is like the child who was born according to the flesh—a slave to sin and in bondage to the law. The “new man” (our new life) is born supernaturally by the Spirit of God, like the child which God promised, to live in freedom by God’s grace.

Since the “old man” and the “new man” can only fight each other, let us do what the Bible says: **“But now you must also put off all these: anger, wrath, malice, blasphemy, filthy language out of your mouth. Do not lie to one another, since you have put off the old man with his deeds, and have put on the new man who is renewed in knowledge according to the image of Him who created him” (Colossians 3:8-10).**

You are a new creation in Christ. If you try in your own strength to follow rules (rather than letting the life of Christ live in you), you are no longer free. In fact, those who attempt to win God's favor by keeping the law are estranged from Christ (Galatians 5:2-4). **“Stand fast therefore in the liberty by which Christ has made us free, and do not be entangled again with a yoke of bondage. For we through the Spirit eagerly wait for the hope [certainty] of righteousness by faith”** (Galatians 5:1, 5).

Paul cautions: **“For you, brethren, have been called to liberty; only do not use liberty as an opportunity for the flesh, but through love serve one another”** (Galatians 5:13). Paul makes it clear that no one can say they have liberty (which comes by relying on Christ and walking in the Spirit) as an excuse for doing whatever they want (walking in the flesh). **“Put on the new man which was created according to God, in righteousness and true holiness”** (Ephesians 4:24b).

The flesh (what our old “self” apart from God wanted) will always be opposed to the Spirit (what God—and our new godly nature—wants). The solution to this struggle between the flesh and the Spirit is this: **“Walk in the Spirit, and you shall not fulfill the lust of the flesh. For the flesh lusts against the Spirit, and the Spirit against the flesh; and these are contrary to one another, so that you do not do the things that you wish. But if you are led by the Spirit, you are not under the law”** (Galatians 5:16b-18). Keep yielding to the Spirit of God.

Jesus had some good advice for His disciples: **“Watch and pray, lest you enter into temptation. The spirit indeed is willing but the flesh is weak”** (Matthew 26:41).

We will learn more about walking in the Spirit in the next lessons.

LESSON 15. LIFE IN THE SPIRIT OF JESUS CHRIST

Romans 8:1-4

¹There is therefore now no condemnation to those who are in Christ Jesus, who do not walk according to the flesh, but according to the Spirit. ²For the law of the Spirit of life in Christ Jesus has made me free from the law of sin and death. ³For what the law could not do in that it was weak through the flesh, God did by sending His own Son in the likeness of sinful flesh, on account of sin: He condemned sin in the flesh, ⁴that the righteous requirement of the law might be fulfilled in us who do not walk according to the flesh but according to the Spirit.

Something to Do

A. Fill in the blanks:

1. "There is therefore now no _____ to those who are in _____" (verse 1).

2. "For the _____ of the Spirit of _____ in Christ Jesus has made me _____ from the _____ of _____ and death" (2).

3. "For what the _____ could not do in that it was _____ through the _____, God did by sending His own Son in the likeness of sinful _____, on account of _____" (3).

[God's law is holy and wonderful, but it is powerless to make a person righteous, because the flesh is weak. Jesus came in the likeness of man (Philippians 2:7), yet He was without sin (Hebrews 4:15).]

4. When Jesus died for us, God "_____ sin in the flesh" (3b). Jesus rose from the dead, and we rose with Him, "that the righteous _____ of the law might be _____ in us who do not walk according to the _____ but according to the _____" (4).

B. Memorize Romans 8:1-4.

Two Powerful Laws

In Lesson 14 Paul saw in himself a powerful tendency to do wrong even when he didn't want to. Now he calls this downward pull **“the law of sin and death.”** This downward pull which makes us sin (resulting in death) is as powerful as the *law of gravity* in the physical world. We cannot overcome it by our own strength. But another powerful law *can* overcome it.

Those who are *in Christ Jesus* are not under condemnation because they have been justified (declared righteous) by faith in Jesus' sinless life, death, burial, and resurrection on their behalf. The flesh (which obeys the law of sin) is *present* as long as we live in our mortal bodies. But when we “walk in the Spirit,” having glorious fellowship with our Lord and being sensitive to His leading, the flesh is *not in control* because a more powerful law is at work—**“the law of the Spirit of life in Christ Jesus.”** This law is like the thrust of power in jet engines which defies the law of gravity and lifts a huge, heavy airplane into the air for long flights even across oceans. The law of gravity is still in force, but it cannot pull the plane down while it is operating under a stronger power.

Life Is in Jesus Christ

“In Him was life” (John 1:4a). Jesus told us, **“I am . . . the life”** (John 14:6b). Whoever has Jesus living in him has life. **“He who has the Son has life”** (1 John 5:12a).

The life which is in Christ Jesus is so powerful that those who walk in the Spirit of that life can live free from the downward pull of sin and death. Romans chapter 8 is rich with truth about life in Christ and how to live the Christian life by faith. Life in Christ is worth giving up every fleshly desire. **“He who loses his life for My sake will find it”** (Matthew 10:39b).

Life in Jesus Is Like Living Water

Life in Christ is meant to be a continual fountain that refreshes and cleanses the believer's life. Jesus once said to a sinful woman at a well, **“But whoever drinks of the water that I shall give him will never thirst. But the water that I shall give him will become in him a fountain of water springing up into everlasting life”** (John 4:14).

In the Old Testament God was grieved when His people rejected Him. **“For My people have committed two evils: they have forsaken Me, the fountain of living waters, and hewn themselves cisterns—broken cisterns that can hold no water”** (Jeremiah 2:13). Isn't this a picture of many people today? Instead of living in a vital relationship with God, they try to find meaning and love in their own way. These man-made ways have no life; they “hold no water.”

Life In Jesus Is Far Above Life in the World

Those who are “born from above” have new life in Christ and identify with Him in His death and resurrection. They can identify with His ascension to the right hand of the Father as well. While still living in our bodies, we can live in “heavenly places” with Christ Jesus in our spirit. **“Even when we were dead in trespasses, [God] made us alive together with Christ (by grace you have been saved), and raised us up together, and made us sit together in the heavenly places in Christ Jesus”** (Ephesians 2:5, 6). God has **“blessed us with every spiritual blessing in the heavenly places in Christ”** (Ephesians 1:3b). From an airplane or the top of a high mountain, things below seem small and insignificant. When your spirit lives “in the heavenlies” with Christ Jesus, the problems and trials of earth seem strangely small. You see from God's viewpoint.

Life in Jesus Is an Intimate Union

Having the life of Jesus in us, and our life in Him, is a close union like a marriage. It is a love relationship. We receive His love, and we give Him our love. He talks with us through His Word and reveals new things about Himself. As we talk with Him in prayer throughout the day, we confess our sins and needs and tell Him our concerns. We share our joys and our sorrows. We let Him live His life in our bodies, prompting us what to say and do. Our bodies become a temple to honor Him. Even when we wake in the night, we can have sweet communion with Him. **“For He Himself has said, ‘I will never leave you nor forsake you’”** (Hebrews 13:5b).

Life in Jesus Christ Changes You

As we walk in intimate union with Jesus, we are changed to become like Him. God is restoring us to His image. Our growing love for Him *replaces* any lingering love for self or for the world’s attractions. *Don’t struggle against the flesh*—it will just grow stronger. Jesus has already provided you *new life*—the life of God Himself. **“Walk in the Spirit, and you shall not fulfill the lust of the flesh”** (Galatians 5:16b). As you actively cooperate with God’s grace (given to the humble) and walk in obedience to His Spirit, things of the flesh are put away by His power. God’s Spirit transforms you as you look into the face of your wonderful Savior-Bridegroom. **“But we all, with unveiled face [with opened understanding], beholding as in a mirror the glory of the Lord, are being transformed into the same image from glory to glory, just as by the Spirit of the Lord”** (2 Corinthians 3:18). Rest in Him, rejoice in Him, enjoy rich fellowship with Him! Let Him work awesome changes in you.

LESSON 16. THE HOLY SPIRIT'S POWER OVER THE FLESH

Romans 8:5-13

⁵For those who live according to the flesh set their minds on the things of the flesh, but those who live according to the Spirit, the things of the Spirit. ⁶For to be carnally minded is death, but to be spiritually minded is life and peace. ⁷Because the carnal mind is enmity against God; for it is not subject to the law of God, nor indeed can be. ⁸So then, those who are in the flesh cannot please God. ⁹But you are not in the flesh but in the Spirit, if indeed the Spirit of God dwells in you. Now if anyone does not have the Spirit of Christ, he is not His.

¹⁰And if Christ is in you, the body is dead because of sin, but the Spirit is life because of righteousness. ¹¹But if the Spirit of Him who raised Jesus from the dead dwells in you, He who raised Christ from the dead will also give life to your mortal bodies through His Spirit who dwells in you.

¹²Therefore, brethren, we are debtors—not to the flesh, to live according to the flesh.

¹³For if you live according to the flesh you will die; but if by the Spirit you put to death the deeds of the body, you will live.

Something to Do

Fill in the blanks to see the contrast between those who live in the flesh (go their own way) and those who live in the Spirit (yield to God's way):

1. "Those who live according to the flesh set their _____ on the things of the _____, but those who live according to the Spirit, the things of the _____" (5).

2. "To be carnally minded is _____, but to be spiritually minded is _____ and _____" (6).

3. "The carnal mind is _____ against God; for it is not _____ to the law of God, nor indeed _____ be" (7).

"Those who are in the flesh cannot _____ God" (8).

[We can never please God by going our own way. It pleases God when we trust Him. **“But without faith it is impossible to please Him, for he who comes to God must believe that He is, and that He is a rewarder of those who diligently seek Him”** (Hebrews 11:6).]

Evidence of Life in the Spirit

Are you “in the flesh” or “in the Spirit”? God says you are “in the Spirit” if the Spirit of God dwells in you (Romans 8:9). **“If anyone does not have the Spirit of Christ, he is not His”** (Romans 8:9). *This is a very serious word from God.* If the Spirit of Christ is not in you, you are not a Christian.

God’s Word says, **“For to be carnally minded is death”** (Romans 8:6a). **“For if you live according to the flesh you will die”** (Romans 8:13a). *Please believe God’s Word.* Do not be deceived. Some may say to the carnally minded, to those who make a practice of walking in the flesh, **“You will not surely die.”** This is what Satan said to Eve in the garden of Eden (Genesis 3:4b). Paul said, **“But I fear, lest somehow, as the serpent deceived Eve by his craftiness, so your minds may be corrupted from the simplicity that is in Christ”** (2 Corinthians 11:3). Do not put up with a different gospel!

Remember, **“There is therefore now *no* condemnation to those who are in Christ Jesus”** (Romans 8:1). But for those who are *not* in Christ Jesus, there *is* condemnation. **“He who believes in Him is not condemned; but he who does not believe is condemned already, because he has not believed in the name of the only begotten Son of God”** (John 3:18).

The purpose of Jesus’ coming was to take away sins and to live in us so that we would have His power not to sin. Anyone who has the sinless life of Jesus living in him will not be able to continue a lifestyle of sin. **“And you know that He was manifested to take away our sins, and in Him there is**

no sin. Whoever abides in Him does not sin. . . . In this the children of God and the children of the devil are manifest: Whoever does not practice righteousness is not of God, nor is he who does not love his brother” (1 John 3:5, 6, 10).

The apostle John wrote these words so that Christians would not sin. But he also knew that Christians are not perfect, so he tells us what to do: **“And if anyone sins, we have an Advocate with the Father, Jesus Christ the righteous”** (1 John 2:1b). **“If we confess our sins, He is faithful and just to forgive us our sins and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness”** (1 John 1:9). After we confess our sins and are cleansed, we can continue walking in the light of God’s presence. **“But if we walk in the light as He is in the light, we have fellowship with one another, and the blood of Jesus Christ His Son cleanses us from all sin”** (1 John 1:7).

Walking According to the Spirit

God had promised His people that He would put His Spirit in them to help them to walk in His ways. **“I will put My Spirit within you and cause you to walk in My statutes, and you will keep My judgments and do them”** (Ezekiel 36:27). Walking in the Spirit means to live by the life of God in you. It means to walk in your new life (Romans 6:4). It means walking by faith in the Son of God, who loves you, and has given His life for you (Galatians 2:20). It means allowing God to make changes in your life as He brings things to your attention and you depend on His power working within you.

Walking in the Spirit means having fellowship with God throughout the day. It means asking Him questions, following His directions, rejoicing in hope, believing His promises. It is becoming continually aware of the presence of Christ living in you. It is a growing companionship with God, agreeing

with Him and loving Him, honestly sharing your struggles and joys, and honoring Him in what you think, say, and do. **“He who says he abides in Him ought himself also to walk just as He walked”** (1 John 2:6). Jesus is not merely an example to imitate. He is our life.

The Carnal Mind

“Carnal” in the New Testament is the same word often translated “fleshly.” It describes those who are driven by the passions of their old nature. Sometimes the word “flesh” refers to the human *body*, which is not evil. Jesus Himself was God “made flesh” (John 1:1, 14)—given a human body to live among people in this world—yet He was sinless.

Sometimes immature Christians live in carnal ways, not knowing about or believing in the deliverance and freedom from sin which they have in Christ. Paul knew this when he wrote to believers in Corinth. **“For where there are envy, strife, and divisions among you, are you not carnal and behaving like mere men?”** (1 Corinthians 3:3b). The carnal mind is too proud to submit to God or to depend upon His grace. A true Christian should set his mind on being spiritual by the power of God. He does not make it a practice to walk in the flesh. If he acts in carnal ways at times, the Spirit within him will convict him. He will confess it to God, receive cleansing, and walk again in fellowship with God. He will depend on God’s power within him to bring forth the fruits of righteousness (see page 38). This is how the carnal deeds of the body are put to death by the Spirit (Romans 8:13).

The Spiritual Mind

The spiritual mind is the complete opposite of the carnal mind. It is the mind of Christ—dependent on God, loving

God and others, serving God, and thankful in everything. This kind of mind is life and peace, not discord and death. **“But we have the mind of Christ”** (1 Corinthians 2:16b). Paul describes the mind of Christ: **“Let nothing be done through selfish ambition or conceit, but in lowliness of mind let each esteem others better than himself. Let each of you look out not only for his own interests, but also for the interests of others”** (Philippians 2:3, 4). Do these verses describe you? The spiritual mind is not proud, but humble. This mind is obedient to God’s will and submits to the death of the cross like Jesus did. Those who are “in Christ” can say with Paul, **“Knowing this, that our old man was crucified with Him, that the body of sin might be done away with, that we should no longer be slaves of sin”** (Romans 6:6).

We saw in Lesson 3 that the first step toward a depraved mind is to be unthankful. The spiritual mind is a thankful mind. **“Rejoice always, pray without ceasing, in everything give thanks; for this is the will of God in Christ Jesus for you. Do not quench the Spirit”** (1 Thessalonians 5:16-19).

The Spirit of Christ Gives Life

Your physical body is destined to die (Hebrews 9:27). But if the Spirit of Christ is in you, you have eternal life because of His righteousness (Romans 8:10). As the Spirit of God had the power to raise Jesus from the dead, He will one day raise your physical body from the dead (Romans 8:11). **“And God both raised up the Lord and will also raise us up by His power”** (1 Corinthians 6:14). Even now, the life-giving Spirit of Jesus within you often revives a weary or sick body for His service when you ask Him. **“Therefore we do not lose heart. Even though our outward man is perishing, yet the inward man is being renewed day by day”** (2 Corinthians 4:16).

LESSON 17. BEING MATURE CHILDREN OF GOD

Romans 8:14-18

¹⁴For as many as are led by the Spirit of God, these are sons of God. ¹⁵For you did not receive the spirit of bondage again to fear, but you received the Spirit of adoption by whom we cry out, “Abba, Father.” ¹⁶The Spirit Himself bears witness with our spirit that we are chil-

dren of God, ¹⁷and if children, then heirs—heirs of God and joint heirs with Christ, if indeed we suffer with Him, that we may also be glorified together.

¹⁸For I consider that the sufferings of this present time are not worthy to be compared with the glory which shall be revealed in us.

Something to Do

Find four ways we can know we are children of God:

1. “As many as are _____ by the _____ of God, these are sons of God” (verse 14).

[When God’s Spirit pulls us toward holy living, we respond.]

2. “You did not receive the spirit of _____ again to _____” (15).

[“Now the Lord is the Spirit, and where the Spirit of the Lord is, there is liberty” (2 Corinthians 3:17). “For God has not given us a spirit of fear, but of power and of love and of a sound mind” (2 Timothy 1:7).]

3. “The _____ Himself bears _____ with our spirit that we are children of God” (16).

[One witness to the truth that we are children of God is God’s Word: “For you are all sons of God through faith in Christ Jesus” (Galatians 3:26). Another witness is the “inner witness” of God’s Spirit that makes our spirit aware that we belong to God, that “I am His, and He is mine.” We call God “Father” and know it is true.]

4. We are children of God, and joint heirs with Christ, “if indeed we _____ with Him” (17).

Jesus Lived as a Mature Son

Jesus, the Son of God, enjoyed a close relationship with His Father in heaven. They were one. Jesus said, **“The Son can do nothing of Himself, but what He sees the Father do; for whatever He does the Son also does in like manner”** (John 5:19b). **“For I have come down from heaven, not to do My own will, but the will of Him who sent Me”** (John 6:38). **“I always do those things that please Him”** (John 8:29b).

The Spirit of Adoption

We come into God’s family by the new birth. **“Whoever believes that Jesus is the Christ is born of God”** (1 John 5:1a). The word “adoption” in the New Testament means *“being placed as an adult child.”* The Greeks in Paul’s time raised their children under guardians with many rules and regulations to follow until the time appointed by the father, when each child would receive his inheritance as an adult child. A mature child does not have to have rules and regulations imposed on him. He has an inner desire to please his father.

Children born of God receive the Spirit of adoption with all the privileges and responsibilities of mature adult children. They will live as Jesus did, willingly allowing themselves to be led by God’s Spirit and God’s Word. A child of God is not in bondage to the “letter” of the written law, but follows the “spirit” of God’s law, which is written in his heart. **“The law of his God is in his heart; none of his steps shall slide”** (Psalm 37:31). **“I delight to do Your will, O my God, and Your law is within my heart”** (Psalm 40:8).

The Spirit of Christ (God’s Son) in us can call God “Father” as Jesus did. **“And because you are sons, God has sent forth the Spirit of His Son into your hearts, crying out, ‘Abba, Father!’ Therefore you are no longer a slave but a**

son, and if a son, then an heir of God through Christ" (Galatians 4:6, 7). Just before Jesus was tried and executed on a cross, He prayed to His Father in heaven, calling Him **"Abba, Father"** (Mark 14:36). "Abba" in the Aramaic language was the intimate, personal expression of a small child calling out to his father, "Da-da!" We can have this same close relationship with our Father in heaven.

Children of God Share Christ's Suffering and Glory

Jesus, though sinless, had to suffer. **"Though He was a Son, yet He learned obedience by the things which He suffered"** (Hebrews 5:8). We, too, may suffer as we learn to deny ourselves and obey the promptings of God's Spirit in us.

The world will hate us as it hated Him (John 15:18). Suffering in persecution gives us an opportunity to have deeper fellowship with Jesus. **"That I may know Him and the power of His resurrection, and the fellowship of His sufferings, being conformed to His death"** (Philippians 3:10).

As joint heirs with Christ, we share in His suffering as well as in His glory. **"For to you it has been granted on behalf of Christ, not only to believe in Him, but also to suffer for His sake"** (Philippians 1:29). But any suffering we experience now is small compared with an eternity of joy and blessing in heaven. **"For our light affliction, which is but for a moment, is working for us a far more exceeding and eternal weight of glory"** (2 Corinthians 4:17). **"Looking unto Jesus, the author and finisher of our faith, who for the joy that was set before Him endured the cross, despising the shame, and has sat down at the right hand of the throne of God"** (Hebrews 12:2). Jesus said, **"To Him who overcomes I will grant to sit with Me on My throne, as I also overcame and sat down with My Father on His throne"** (Revelation 3:21).

LESSON 18. THE FUTURE GLORY OF THE SONS OF GOD

Romans 8:19-30

¹⁹For the earnest expectation of the creation eagerly waits for the revealing of the sons of God. ²⁰For the creation was subjected to futility, not willingly, but because of Him who subjected it in hope; ²¹because the creation itself also will be delivered from the bondage of corruption into the glorious liberty of the children of God. ²²For we know that the whole creation groans and labors with birth pangs together until now. ²³And not only they, but we also who have the firstfruits of the Spirit, even we ourselves groan within ourselves, eagerly waiting for the adoption, the redemption of our body. ²⁴For we were saved in this hope, but hope that is seen is not hope; for why does one still hope for what he sees? ²⁵But if we hope for what we do not see, then we eagerly wait for it with perseverance.

²⁶Likewise the Spirit also helps in our weaknesses. For we do not know what we should pray for as we ought, but the Spirit Himself makes intercession for us with groanings which cannot be uttered. ²⁷Now He who searches the hearts knows what the mind of the Spirit is, because He makes intercession for the saints according to the will of God. ²⁸And we know that all things work together for good to those who love God, to those who are the called according to His purpose. ²⁹For whom He foreknew, He also predestined to be conformed to the image of His Son, that He might be the firstborn among many brethren.

³⁰Moreover whom He predestined, these He also called; whom He called, these He also justified; and whom He justified, these He also glorified.

Something to Do

Fill in the blanks to find out who is groaning and why:

1. "The whole _____ groans and labors with _____" (22). "The creation eagerly waits for the revealing of the _____" (19).

2. “We also who have the firstfruits of the _____ . . . groan within ourselves, _____ waiting for the adoption, the redemption of our _____” (23).

3. “The _____ Himself makes _____ for us with groanings which cannot be uttered” (26b). “He makes intercession for the _____ according to the will of God” (27b). All who are in Christ are “saints.”

The Groaning of All Creation

When Adam sinned, bringing sorrow and death on all people, even the earth itself was cursed. But the earth, along with the children of God, will be delivered from the bondage of decay when Christ returns. **“Nevertheless we, according to His promise, look for new heavens and a new earth in which righteousness dwells”** (2 Peter 3:13). In that day the Lord of glory will be revealed to all the world in all His fullness and awesome majesty. With Him the sons of God—restored in the image of God—will be revealed for all to see.

The Birth Pains of Joyful Expectation

Paul tells us why he experienced “labor” pains. **“My little children, for whom I labor in birth again until Christ is formed in you”** (Galatians 4:19). God is forming us into the image of His Son. This process is hidden from the world. The child of God is not honored or recognized in this world. But one glorious day there will be an unveiling! We will be resurrected with new bodies and presented **“faultless before the presence of His glory with exceeding joy”** (Jude verse 24b). All creation yearns for that day of final redemption. Until then we have the Holy Spirit, **“who is the guarantee of our inheritance until the redemption of the purchased possession, to the praise of His glory”** (Ephesians 1:14).

A Child Bears the Image of His Father

It is very clear whose child a person is, because a child bears the image of his parents. Jesus knew this very well. When those who were trying to kill Him said, “Abraham is our father,” Jesus said, **“If you were Abraham’s children, you would do the works of Abraham. You do the deeds of your father”** (John 8:39b, 41a). They said to Him, **“‘We have one Father—God.’ Jesus said to them, ‘If God were your Father, you would love Me You are of your father the devil, and the desires of your father you want to do. He was a murderer from the beginning’”** (John 8:41b, 42a, 44a).

This is why we need to be born again—we need a new Father! And this is also why those who are born of God will begin to resemble their Father in heaven as they become more and more like Jesus. As the Son of God, Jesus showed us what God was like because God was His Father.

“Beloved, now we are children of God; and it has not yet been revealed what we shall be, but we know that when He is revealed, we shall be like Him, for we shall see Him as He is. And everyone who has this hope in Him purifies himself, just as He is pure” (1 John 3:2, 3). The hope that the Bible talks about is not the kind of hope where we *wish* something would happen and hope it does. “Hope” in the Bible refers to something that is *certain* to happen. While you are waiting for it to happen, you can be filled with confident hope. This is the kind of expectant hope that John was talking about.

God’s Purpose for Those Who Belong to Him

Those who love God are born of God and are called for one purpose: **“to be conformed to the image of His Son, that He might be the firstborn among many brethren”** (Romans 8:29b). God knows those who are His. He has pre-

destined that they be like His Son, Jesus. He called them, He justified them (declared them righteous), and He has given them His glory. Jesus prayed to His Father, **“And the glory which You gave Me I have given them, that they may be one just as We are one: I in them, and You in Me”** (John 17:22, 23a). **“To them God willed to make known what are the riches of the glory of this mystery . . . : which is Christ in you, the hope of glory”** (Colossians 1:27). When Christ lives in you, you can confidently expect to be with Him forever and share in His glory. Those who are in Christ Jesus glorify Him when they fulfill God’s purpose for their lives. **“For we are His workmanship, created in Christ Jesus for good works, which God prepared beforehand that we should walk in them”** (Ephesians 2:10).

Present Sufferings Work Together for Good

Paul says, **“All things work together for good to those who love God”** (Romans 8:28a). God, who is *all-powerful*, will work even in the midst of terrible circumstances for the good of those who love Him. It is *good* to become like His Son, even though this transformation process includes suffering. **“Beloved, do not think it strange concerning the fiery trial which is to try you, as though some strange thing happened to you; but rejoice to the extent that you partake of Christ’s sufferings, that when His glory is revealed, you may also be glad with exceeding joy”** (1 Peter 4:12, 13).

“In this you greatly rejoice, though now for a little while, if need be, you have been grieved by various trials, that the genuineness of your faith, being much more precious than gold that perishes, though it is tested by fire, may be found to praise, honor, and glory at the revelation of Jesus Christ” (1 Peter 1:6, 7).

LESSON 19. THE BELIEVER'S ETERNAL PLACE IN GOD'S HEART

Romans 8:31-39

³¹What then shall we say to these things? If God is for us, who can be against us? ³²He who did not spare His own Son, but delivered Him up for us all, how shall He not with Him also freely give us all things? ³³Who shall bring a charge against God's elect? It is God who justifies. ³⁴Who is he who condemns? It is Christ who died, and furthermore is also risen, who is even at the right hand of God, who also makes intercession for us. ³⁵Who shall separate us from the love of Christ? Shall tribulation, or distress, or per-

secution, or famine, or nakedness, or peril, or sword? ³⁶As it is written: "For Your sake we are killed all day long; we are accounted as sheep for the slaughter." ³⁷Yet in all these things we are more than conquerors through Him who loved us. ³⁸For I am persuaded that neither death nor life, nor angels nor principalities nor powers, nor things present nor things to come, ³⁹nor height nor depth, nor any other created thing, shall be able to separate us from the love of God which is in Christ Jesus our Lord.

God Is For Us

This lesson is full of questions and wonderful answers. We have already learned what God's purpose for us is: to make us like Jesus, restoring us to the image of God, our Father in heaven. Does God ever fail to accomplish His purposes? **"Being confident of this very thing, that He who has begun a good work in you will complete it until the day of Jesus Christ"** (Philippians 1:6).

We know God is for us because He sacrificed even His own Son on our behalf. If He gave us His *best* when we were sinners, can He possibly withhold anything good from us now that we have been declared righteous?

Who can bring a charge against you, since you are God's

elect (chosen one)? It certainly can't be God, because if you are in Christ, He Himself has declared you righteous.

Who can condemn you? It can't be Christ, because He died for you. He rose again and lives in you. In fact He is at the right hand of God praying for you right now. **“For God did not send His Son into the world to condemn the world, but that the world through Him might be saved”** (John 3:17).

Once some men brought to Jesus a woman caught in the act of adultery. They wanted Him to agree with their condemnation of her. But in His presence their consciences were pricked and they slunk away one by one. **“When Jesus had raised Himself up and saw no one but the woman, He said to her, ‘Woman, where are those accusers of yours? Has no one condemned you?’ She said, ‘No one, Lord.’ And Jesus said to her, ‘Neither do I condemn you; go and sin no more’”** (John 8:10, 11). Jesus doesn't condemn you either, if you are in Him—but His purpose is for you to stop sinning.

The only thing that can separate a person from God—sin—has been dealt with by God Himself. We should detest sin because it separated us from God. **“But your iniquities have separated you from your God; and your sins have hidden His face from you, so that He will not hear”** (Isaiah 59:2). But if we have come to Jesus to take away our sin and have been declared righteous, and if we are living in union with Jesus, allowing Him to work in us to make us more and more like Him, what can possibly separate us from Him? Absolutely nothing! We are free to love Him and **“serve Him without fear, in holiness and righteousness before Him all the days of our life”** (Luke 1:74b, 75). Jesus said, **“My sheep hear My voice, and I know them, and they follow Me. And I give them eternal life, and they shall never perish; neither shall anyone snatch them out of My hand”** (John 10:27, 28).

LESSON 20. THE SOVEREIGNTY AND MERCY OF GOD

Romans 9:1-29

I tell the truth in Christ, I am not lying, my conscience also bearing me witness in the Holy Spirit, ²that I have great sorrow and continual grief in my heart. ³For I could wish that I myself were accursed from Christ for my brethren, my kinsmen according to the flesh, ⁴who are Israelites, to whom pertain the adoption, the glory, the covenants, the giving of the law, the service of God, and the promises; ⁵of whom are the fathers and from whom, according to the flesh, Christ came, who is over all, the eternally blessed God. Amen.

⁶But it is not that the word of God has taken no effect. For they are not all Israel who are of Israel, ⁷nor are they all children because they are the seed of Abraham; but, “In Isaac your seed shall be called.” ⁸That is, those who are the children of the flesh, these are not the children of God; but the children of the promise are counted as the seed. ⁹For this is the word of promise: “At this time I will come and Sarah shall have a son.” ¹⁰And not only this, but when Rebecca also had con-

ceived by one man, even by our father Isaac ¹¹(for the children not yet being born, nor having done any good or evil, that the purpose of God according to election might stand, not of works but of Him who calls), ¹²it was said to her, “The older shall serve the younger.” ¹³As it is written, “Jacob I have loved, but Esau I have hated.”

¹⁴What shall we say then? Is there unrighteousness with God? Certainly not! ¹⁵For He says to Moses, “I will have mercy on whomever I will have mercy, and I will have compassion on whomever I will have compassion.” ¹⁶So then it is not of him who wills, nor of him who runs, but of God who shows mercy. ¹⁷For the Scripture says to Pharaoh, “Even for this same purpose I have raised you up, that I might show My power in you, and that My name might be declared in all the earth.” ¹⁸Therefore He has mercy on whom He wills, and whom He wills He hardens. ¹⁹You will say to me then, “Why does He still find fault? For who has resisted His will?” ²⁰But indeed, O man, who are you

to reply against God? Will the thing formed say to him who formed it, "Why have you made me like this?" ²¹Does not the potter have power over the clay, from the same lump to make one vessel for honor and another for dishonor? ²²What if God, wanting to show His wrath and to make His power known, endured with much longsuffering the vessels of wrath prepared for destruction, ²³and that He might make known the riches of His glory on the vessels of mercy, which He had prepared beforehand for glory, ²⁴even us whom He called, not of the Jews only, but also of the Gentiles? ²⁵As He says also in Hosea: "I will call them My people, who

were not My people, and her beloved, who was not beloved. ²⁶And it shall come to pass in the place where it was said to them, 'You are not My people,' there they will be called sons of the living God." ²⁷Isaiah also cries out concerning Israel: "Though the number of the children of Israel be as the sand of the sea, the remnant will be saved. ²⁸For He will finish the work and cut it short in righteousness, because the LORD will make a short work upon the earth." ²⁹And as Isaiah said before: "Unless the LORD of Sabaoth had left us a seed, we would have become like Sodom, and we would have been made like Gomorrah."

Paul Expresses His Grief

Paul weeps for his people, Israel, because they rejected Christ (Messiah), whom God had sent to be their Savior and through them to bless the whole world. Romans chapter 9 tells us how God elected (chose) Israel, not based on anything they did. Chapter 10 tells us why God had to set Israel aside because of their unbelief and how God will restore them in the future. These chapters hold much instruction, warning, and promise for us as God's children.

The Blessings of Israel

Fill the blanks with eight ways Israel was blessed by God:

1. "To whom pertain the _____" (verse 4a).

[They had been adopted by God as His children. **“Thus says the LORD: ‘Israel is My son, My firstborn’**” (Exodus 4:22b).]

2. “the _____” (4).

[The glory of God’s presence was with Israel. **“And there I will meet with the children of Israel, and the tabernacle shall be sanctified by My glory”** (Exodus 29:43).]

3. “the _____” (4).

[God made covenants with Abraham, Moses, and David. **“You are sons of the prophets, and of the covenant which God made with our fathers, saying to Abraham, ‘And in your seed all the families of the earth shall be blessed’**” (Acts 3:25).]

4. “the giving of the _____” (4).

[**“So He declared to you His covenant which He commanded you to perform, that is, the Ten Commandments; and He wrote them on two tablets of stone”** (Deuteronomy 4:13).]

5. “the _____ of God” (4).

[**“Then indeed, even the first covenant had ordinances of divine service and the earthly sanctuary”** (Hebrews 9:1).]

6. “and the _____” (4).

[Many promises were given to Israel about their future and about the Messiah who would come. **“And we declare to you glad tidings—that promise which was made to the fathers”** (Acts 13:32).]

7. “of whom are the _____” (5).

[Israel was proud of their fathers—the patriarchs Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob. **“The LORD delighted only in your fathers, to love them; and He chose their descendants after them”** (Deuteronomy 10:15a).]

8. “and from whom, according to the flesh, _____ came, who is over all, the eternally blessed _____” (5).

[The greatest gift of all was the Messiah, who would bless the whole world. **“To Him all the prophets witness that, through His name, whoever believes in Him will receive remission of sins”** (Acts 10:43). Jesus can forgive sins because He is God.]

Four Illustrations of God's Sovereignty

Because Israel was proud of being God's chosen people, Paul explains that God is sovereign. He chooses whoever He pleases to accomplish His purposes. His choice was not based on who they were or on anything they had done.

The Illustration of Isaac

Abraham had other children, but only Isaac—the son promised by God and born through a miracle of God—received the inheritance. Likewise, not all the *physical descendants* of Abraham inherit the promises of God. Only the *spiritual children* of Abraham—those born spiritually by a miracle of God, who have the same faith as Abraham—are God's children. **“Therefore know that only those who are of faith are sons of Abraham. So then those who are of faith are blessed with believing Abraham”** (Galatians 3:7,9). God's purpose for the sons of Abraham is being carried out by people of God who have true faith—whether they are Jews or Gentiles.

The Illustration of Jacob and Esau

Isaac, the child of promise, had twin sons. Normally the older son inherited the blessing and responsibility. But God chose Jacob (later named Israel), the younger twin, to be the father of the people through whom He planned to bless the world. Before they were born, before either boy had done anything good or bad, God chose Jacob for this purpose. His choice was not based on Jacob's character or conduct.

Paul quotes the prophet Malachi to show that Isaac's descendants through Esau were not God's people. Hundreds of years after Jacob and Esau died, when the nation of Israel questioned God's love, Malachi told them that God loved Jacob—a name for the nation of Israel, but He hated Esau—

a name for the nation of Edom, descendants of Esau—called a “Territory of Wickedness” (Malachi 1:2-4). God hates all workers of iniquity (Psalm 5:5), but He wants them to repent and be saved. **“For God so loved the world that He gave His only begotten Son, that whoever believes in Him should not perish but have everlasting life”** (John 3:16).

The Illustration of Pharaoh

“He who is often reprov'd, and hardens his neck, will suddenly be destroyed, and that without remedy. When the righteous are in authority, the people rejoice; but when a wicked man rules, the people groan” (Proverbs 29:1, 2). We know that Pharaoh was a wicked ruler, because the people of Israel groaned and cried out to God for deliverance. He hardened his heart against God and the opportunities God gave him to relent. God caused Pharaoh's responses to harden his heart even more. God planned to use Pharaoh's hard heart to demonstrate His great power. **“But indeed for this purpose I have raised you up, that I may show My power in you, and that My name may be declared in all the earth”** (Exodus 9:16). Pharaoh should have been a great example to Israel of a hardened heart. But the people of Israel hardened their hearts and would not listen to God.

This should be a warning to us (who have the many blessings of God) not to harden our hearts through not listening to God or through not believing God. **“Today, if you will hear His voice, do not harden your hearts”** (Hebrews 4:7b).

The Illustration of the Potter and the Clay

God once told the prophet Jeremiah to go to the potter's house to understand God's words. As Jeremiah watched the potter working with the clay on the wheel, the clay vessel

was marred, and the potter made it into another vessel. God said, **“Look, as the clay is in the potter’s hand, so are you in My hand, O house of Israel!”** (Jeremiah 18:6b).

A potter doesn’t decide to make a vessel for destruction. God doesn’t either. He is **“not willing that any should perish . . .”** (2 Peter 3:9b). But when a “vessel” is marred by rebellion against Him, that vessel is worthy of destruction. God our Maker (Potter) has chosen to show His mercy to those who will put themselves into His hands and let Him make them anew in the way He chooses. We cannot fix ourselves. **“Not by works of righteousness which we have done, but according to His mercy He saved us, through the washing of regeneration and renewing of the Holy Spirit”** (Titus 3:5).

If the marred vessel *refuses* to allow the potter to make it into another vessel, it is destined for destruction. But God has predestined a glorious purpose for those who heed His call to “Come!” (Revelation 22:17). **“Just as He chose us in Him before the foundation of the world, that we should be holy and without blame before Him in love, having predestined us to adoption as sons by Jesus Christ to Himself, according to the good pleasure of His will”** (Ephesians 1:4, 5). God has the right to decide the conditions of His mercy. He says, *“Choose life!”* (Deuteronomy 30:19). Life is *in Jesus*.

God’s Mercy Is Wide Enough to Include You

“Whoever calls upon the name of the LORD shall be saved” (Romans 10:13b). The one who responds to God’s invitation to be a vessel showing His mercy must be willing to allow the Potter to remake him. Jesus said, **“If anyone desires to come after Me, let him deny himself, and take up his cross daily [by doing what He says], and follow Me. For what advantage is it to a man if he gains the whole world, and is himself destroyed or lost?”** (Luke 9:23b, 25).

LESSON 21. GOD HAD TO SET ISRAEL ASIDE

Romans 9:30-33

³⁰What shall we say then? That Gentiles, who did not pursue righteousness, have attained to righteousness, even the righteousness of faith; ³¹but Israel, pursuing the law of righteousness, has not attained to the law of righteousness. ³²Why? Because they did not seek it by faith, but as it were, by the works of the law. For they stumbled at that stumbling stone. ³³As it is written: "Behold, I lay in Zion a stumbling stone and rock of offense, and whoever believes on Him will not be put to shame."

Romans 10:1-21

¹Brethren, my heart's desire and prayer to God for Israel is that they may be saved. ²For I bear them witness that they have a zeal for God, but not according to knowledge. ³For they being ignorant of God's righteousness, and seeking to establish their own righteousness, have not submitted to the righteousness of God. ⁴For Christ is the end of the law for righteousness to everyone who believes. ⁵For Moses writes about the righteousness which is of the law, "The man who does those things shall live by them."

"But the righteousness of faith speaks in this way, "Do not say in your heart, 'Who will ascend into heaven?'" (that is, to bring Christ down from above) ⁷or, "'Who will descend into the abyss?'" (that is, to bring Christ up from the dead). ⁸But what does it say? "The word is near you, even in your mouth and in your heart" (that is, the word of faith which we preach): ⁹That if you confess with your mouth the Lord Jesus and believe in your heart that God has raised Him from the dead, you will be saved. ¹⁰For with the heart one believes to righteousness, and with the mouth confession is made to salvation. ¹¹For the Scripture says, "Whoever believes on Him will not be put to shame." ¹²For there is no distinction between Jew and Greek, for the same Lord over all is rich to all who call upon Him. ¹³For "whoever calls upon the name of the LORD shall be saved."

¹⁴How then shall they call on Him in whom they have not believed? And how shall they believe in Him of whom they have not heard? And how shall they hear without a preacher? ¹⁵And how shall

they preach unless they are sent? As it is written: "How beautiful are the feet of those who preach the gospel of peace, who bring glad tidings of good things!" ¹⁶But they have not all obeyed the gospel. For Isaiah says, "Lord, who has believed our report?" ¹⁷So then faith comes by hearing, and hearing by the word of God. ¹⁸But I say, have they not heard? Yes indeed: "Their sound has gone out to all the earth, and their words to the

ends of the world." ¹⁹But I say, did Israel not know? First Moses says: "I will provoke you to jealousy by those who are not a nation, I will anger you by a foolish nation." ²⁰But Isaiah is very bold and says: "I was found by those who did not seek Me; I was made manifest to those who did not ask for Me." ²¹But to Israel he says: "All day long I have stretched out My hands to a disobedient and contrary people."

Something to Do

Fill in the blanks from Romans chapter 10:

1. To have the righteousness that comes by faith one does not need to search for Christ far away (10:6, 7). "The word is _____ you, even in your _____ and in your _____" (10:8).

[**"He is not far from each one of us"** (Acts 17:27b). **"The LORD is near to all who call upon Him, to all who call upon Him in truth"** (Psalm 145:18). **"The LORD is near to those who have a broken heart, and saves such as have a contrite spirit"** (Psalm 34:18).]

2. Who must you confess with your mouth? "The _____" (9).

3. What must you believe in your heart? "That God has _____ Him from the _____" (9).

4. What does one do with his heart? "_____ to [receive] _____" (10).

5. What does one do with his mouth? "_____ [acknowledgment] is made to _____" (10).

6. Who shall be saved? "Whoever _____ upon the _____ of the LORD" (13).

7. How does faith come? “by _____” (17).
How does hearing come? “by the _____ of God” (17).

The Need for God’s Righteousness

At the time Jesus lived, the Pharisees—religious Jews—insisted that all the laws of God, as well as added interpretations of the laws, must be kept diligently. When Jesus taught about the need for righteousness, He said, **“For I say to you, that unless your righteousness exceeds the righteousness of the scribes and Pharisees, you will by no means enter the kingdom of heaven”** (Matthew 5:20). Even the righteousness of the strict Pharisees was not enough for God.

The laws given to Moses include such things as **“You shall not murder”** and **“You shall not commit adultery”** (Exodus 20:13, 14). These are *outward acts*. The righteousness Jesus talked about includes *inner motivations* of the heart. Jesus taught that even being angry with someone in your heart without a cause, or calling someone a fool is unrighteousness which deserves judgment. A man might not commit the act of adultery, but if he lusts after a woman in his heart, he is guilty of adultery in God’s eyes. God’s righteousness must be inward first. Jesus said, **“Woe to you, scribes and Pharisees, hypocrites! For you are like whitewashed tombs which indeed appear beautiful outwardly, but inside are full of dead men’s bones and all uncleanness. Even so, you also outwardly appear righteous to men, but inside you are full of hypocrisy and lawlessness”** (Matthew 23:27, 28).

God’s standard of righteousness is so high that nobody could meet it unless God gave him His own righteousness. And that is what God did! He sent Jesus (God made flesh) to live among us and live the totally righteous life which God demands. Jesus is a stumbling block to those who think their

own righteousness pleases God. “. . . **All our righteousnesses are like filthy rags**” (Isaiah 64:6a). Those who are humble enough to recognize that they are sinful (and cannot live a righteous life in their own strength) count themselves *dead* to their old sinful life (crucified when Christ died in their place) and *alive* in the new life that Jesus gives them. **“And be found in Him, not having my own righteousness, which is from the law, but that which is through faith in Christ, the righteousness which is from God by faith”** (Philippians 3:9).

Why God Had to Set Israel Aside

When Jesus came, Israel was busy trying in their own strength and flesh to obey God's law. They did not realize that the righteousness God desires can be attained only by faith in Jesus, who IS righteousness (1 Corinthians 1:30).

God had chosen Israel to be a channel of His blessing to the world. So when they refused to receive Jesus as the promised Savior, God could not use them to share this good news with the world. He chose believing Gentiles to be His people as Hosea had prophesied. **“Then I will say to those who were not My people, ‘You are My people!’ And they shall say, ‘You are my God!’ ”** (Hosea 2:23b).

Jesus told a parable about a landowner who sent servants to his vineyard to receive its fruit. But the vinedressers in charge of the vineyard killed his servants one after the other. Finally he sent his only son, thinking they would respect him. But they killed him also, wanting to seize the inheritance for themselves (Matthew 21:33-39). Jesus said, **“Therefore I say to you, the kingdom of God will be taken from you and given to a nation bearing the fruits of it”** (Matthew 21:43). As we will see in the next lesson, though, God was merciful. He did not set Israel aside totally or permanently.

LESSON 22. ISRAEL WILL BE SAVED

Romans 11:1-32

¹I say then, has God cast away His people? Certainly not! For I also am an Israelite, of the seed of Abraham, of the tribe of Benjamin. ²God has not cast away His people whom He foreknew. Or do you not know what the Scripture says of Elijah, how he pleads with God against Israel, saying, ³“LORD, they have killed Your prophets and torn down Your altars, and I alone am left, and they seek my life?” ⁴But what does the divine response say to him? “I have reserved for Myself seven thousand men who have not bowed the knee to Baal.” ⁵Even so then, at this present time there is a remnant according to the election of grace. ⁶And if by grace, then it is no longer of works; otherwise grace is no longer grace. But if it is of works, it is no longer grace; otherwise work is no longer work. ⁷What then? Israel has not obtained what it seeks; but the elect have obtained it, and the rest were hardened. ⁸Just as it is written: “God has given them a spirit of stupor, eyes that they should not see and ears that they should

not hear, to this very day.” ⁹And David says: “Let their table become a snare and a trap, a stumbling block and a recompense to them; ¹⁰let their eyes be darkened, that they may not see, and bow down their back always.”

¹¹I say then, have they stumbled that they should fall? Certainly not! But through their fall, to provoke them to jealousy, salvation has come to the Gentiles. ¹²Now if their fall is riches for the world, and their failure riches for the Gentiles, how much more their fullness! ¹³For I speak to you Gentiles; inasmuch as I am an apostle to the Gentiles, I magnify my ministry, ¹⁴if by any means I may provoke to jealousy those who are my flesh and save some of them. ¹⁵For if their being cast away is the reconciling of the world, what will their acceptance be but life from the dead? ¹⁶For if the firstfruit is holy, the lump is also holy; and if the root is holy, so are the branches. ¹⁷And if some of the branches were broken off, and you, being a wild olive tree, were grafted in among

them, and with them became a partaker of the root and fatness of the olive tree, ¹⁸do not boast against the branches. But if you boast, remember that you do not support the root, but the root supports you. ¹⁹You will say then, “Branches were broken off that I might be grafted in.” ²⁰Well said. Because of unbelief they were broken off, and you stand by faith. Do not be haughty, but fear. ²¹For if God did not spare the natural branches, He may not spare you either. ²²Therefore consider the goodness and severity of God: on those who fell, severity; but toward you, goodness, if you continue in His goodness. Otherwise you also will be cut off. ²³And they also, if they do not continue in unbelief, will be grafted in, for God is able to graft them in again. ²⁴For if you were cut out of the olive tree which is wild by nature, and were grafted contrary to nature into a good olive tree, how much more will these, who are the natural branches, be

grafted into their own olive tree? ²⁵For I do not desire, brethren, that you should be ignorant of this mystery, lest you should be wise in your own opinion, that hardening in part has happened to Israel until the fullness of the Gentiles has come in. ²⁶And so all Israel will be saved, as it is written: “The Deliverer will come out of Zion, and He will turn away ungodliness from Jacob; ²⁷for this is My covenant with them, when I take away their sins.” ²⁸Concerning the gospel they are enemies for your sake, but concerning the election they are beloved for the sake of the fathers. ²⁹For the gifts and the calling of God are irrevocable. ³⁰For as you were once disobedient to God, yet have now obtained mercy through their disobedience, ³¹even so these also have now been disobedient, that through the mercy shown you they also may obtain mercy. ³²For God has committed them all to disobedience, that He might have mercy on all.

Blindness Is a Judgment From God

Many individual Jews through the years have believed the promises of God and trusted in Him. They are called a “remnant”—a “piece” of Israel—who are God’s people. But when

people do not *want* to listen, God allows them to be blinded to truth. This is what happened to Israel as a nation.

“For the LORD has poured out on you the spirit of deep sleep” (Isaiah 29:10a). **“And in them the prophecy of Isaiah is fulfilled, which says, ‘Hearing you will hear and shall not understand, and seeing you will see and not perceive’”** (Matthew 13:14). **“But their minds were blinded. For until this day the same veil remains unlifted in the reading of the Old Testament. Nevertheless *when one turns to the Lord, the veil is taken away*”** (2 Corinthians 3:14a, 16). Those who turn to Christ receive new understanding of the Scriptures because the Spirit of God reveals the truth to them (John 15:26; 16:13). **“For the message of the cross is foolishness to those who are perishing, but to us who are being saved it is the power of God”** (1 Corinthians 1:18).

The Illustration of the Olive Tree

Paul uses the example of the olive tree to show that God has not cast Israel away forever. The people of Israel were like the branches of an olive tree planted by the Lord. **“The LORD called your name, Green Olive Tree, Lovely and of Good Fruit”** (Jeremiah 11:16). Wood from the olive tree was used in building the temple of God (1 Kings 6:23, 32). Olives were pressed to provide oil (symbol of the Holy Spirit) to keep the lamps burning continually and to be a holy anointing oil (Exodus 27:20; 30:22-33) for service in the tabernacle.

Cultivating fruitful olive trees takes decades of effort and continual *grafting* (inserting a good shoot into a notch cut in the tree, then sealing it). This process invigorates the tree to get the sap flowing. If graftings of good shoots do not work, there is one last thing to try: Strip the tree of almost every branch, leaving only a stalk. Then “shock” it with grafts from

a wild olive tree (a radically different tree) so that the tree can bear fruit. This is what God is doing. The natural branches (unbelieving Jews) were broken off, and believing Gentiles were grafted in as the people of God to stir up Israel to return to Him. **“But now in Christ Jesus you who once were far off have been made near by the blood of Christ”** (Ephesians 2:13). **“That the blessing of Abraham might come upon the Gentiles in Jesus Christ, that we might receive the promise of the Spirit through faith”** (Galatians 3:14).

God Will Show Mercy and Restore Israel

Though Israel as a nation opposes the gospel, God still loves Israel because of His covenant with Abraham (Romans 11:28, 29). God has promised that Israel will return to Him (Isaiah 11:11-16; 12:1-6; 59:20, 21; Jeremiah 23:3; 31:1, 10-12; Ezekiel 11:16-20; Zechariah 8:10-23). **“Therefore say, ‘Thus says the Lord God: “Although I have cast them far off among the Gentiles, and although I have scattered them among the countries, . . . I will . . . assemble you from the countries where you have been scattered, and I will give you the land of Israel” ’”** (Ezekiel 11:16a, 17b).

“Because finding fault with them, He says, ‘Behold, the days are coming,’ says the LORD, ‘when I will make a new covenant with the house of Israel . . . I will put My laws in their mind and write them on their hearts; and I will be their God, and they shall be My people. I will be merciful to their unrighteousness, and their sins and their lawless deeds I will remember no more’” (Hebrews 8:8, 10b, 12).

God’s purpose is for believing Jews and believing Gentiles to be united in Christ. **“And that He might reconcile them both to God in one body through the cross, thereby putting to death the enmity”** (Ephesians 2:16).

LESSON 23. THE BASIS OF CHRISTIAN FRUITFULNESS

Romans 11:33-36

³³Oh, the depth of the riches both of the wisdom and knowledge of God! How unsearchable are His judgments and His ways past finding out! ³⁴“For who has known the mind of the LORD? Or who has become His counselor? ³⁵Or who has first given to Him and it shall be repaid to him?” ³⁶For of Him and through Him and to Him are all things, to whom be glory

forever. Amen.

Romans 12:1-2

¹I beseech you therefore, brethren, by the mercies of God, that you present your bodies a living sacrifice, holy, acceptable to God, which is your reasonable service. ²And do not be conformed to this world, but be transformed by the renewing of your mind, that you may prove what is that good and acceptable and perfect will of God.

Responding to Our Awesome God

As Paul ends his explanation of the good news of God's grace, he breaks out in praise, astounded by the breathtaking majesty of God, **“who does great things, and unsearchable, marvelous things without number”** (Job 5:9).

In light of God's great mercies, Paul pleads with those who are trusting in Christ to give their bodies to God as a *living* thank offering. If your old life is dead (crucified with Christ) and you have the resurrected life of Jesus living in you, it is only *reasonable* to give your body to God as a sacrifice that is alive in Christ, holy and acceptable to God. Will you do that now? For example, give Him your mouth to praise Him and to tell others of His love for them. Give Him your eyes to see needs as God sees them. Give Him your hands to do what He shows you to do. Give Him your feet to go where He wants you to go. **“For in Him we live and move and have our being, . . . ‘For we are also His offspring’”** (Acts 17:28).

Do Not Be Like This World

We are no longer to be like this world. We are not to allow the world to squeeze us into its shape—its ways of thinking and speaking and acting. **“Do not love the world or the things in the world. If anyone loves the world, the love of the Father is not in him. For all that is in the world—the lust of the flesh, the lust of the eyes, and the pride of life—is not of the Father but is of the world. And the world is passing away, and the lust of it; but he who does the will of God abides forever”** (1 John 2:15-17). **“Do you not know that friendship with the world is enmity with God? Whoever therefore wants to be a friend of the world makes himself an enemy of God”** (James 4:4b). This does not mean you should not be a friend to sinners. Jesus Himself was a friend of sinners (Luke 19:1-7). But you should not be *like* them.

Be Transformed

Instead of being like the world, we are to be transformed (literally, *metamorphosed*) by God—changed into a totally different person. This word means “to change form.”

The wormy caterpillar, which can only crawl, is metamorphosed into a butterfly—a totally new form—beautiful and free to fly with its new wings in a different world. What a picture of the new-born Christian, who puts off self and leaves his old world behind! The new Christian puts on the Lord Jesus and begins to live in the realm of the Spirit.

“But be [continually] filled with the Spirit, speaking to one another in psalms and hymns and spiritual songs, singing and making melody in your heart to the Lord, giving thanks always for all things to God the Father in the name of our Lord Jesus Christ, submitting to one another in the fear of God” (Ephesians 5:18b-21).

Renew Your Mind

We are transformed by continually renewing our minds, because what we think about affects how we speak and act. **“For as he thinks in his heart, so is he”** (Proverbs 23:7a). **“And be renewed in the spirit of your mind”** (Ephesians 4:23). **“Set your mind on things above, not on things on the earth. For you died, and your life is hidden with Christ in God”** (Colossians 3:2, 3).

We have been given many precious promises in Scripture, **“that through these you may be partakers of the divine nature . . .”** (2 Peter 1:4b). We can meditate on God’s Word and His great love for us, **“bringing every thought into captivity to the obedience of Christ”** (2 Corinthians 10:5b).

Keep your mind on Jesus. Get to know Him through the Bible. **“As His divine power has given to us all things that pertain to life and godliness through the knowledge of Him who called us”** (2 Peter 1:3a). As we grow in our knowledge of Jesus, we put off our former conduct and put on the new man, **“who is renewed in knowledge according to the image of Him who created him”** (Colossians 3:10b).

Talk to God in your heart and aloud throughout the day. **“You will keep him in perfect peace whose mind is stayed on You, because he trusts in You”** (Isaiah 26:3). **“Pray without ceasing”** (1 Thessalonians 5:17).

“Finally, brethren, whatever things are true, whatever things are noble, whatever things are just, whatever things are pure, whatever things are lovely, whatever things are of good report, if there is any virtue and if there is anything praiseworthy—meditate on these things” (Philippians 4:8).

As we renew our minds and are transformed by the Holy Spirit into the image of Jesus, we begin to understand by experience how pleasing and perfect God’s will is.

LESSON 24. EACH CHRISTIAN IS A PART OF THE BODY OF CHRIST

Romans 12:3-21

³For I say, through the grace given to me, to everyone who is among you, not to think of himself more highly than he ought to think, but to think soberly, as God has dealt to each one a measure of faith. ⁴For as we have many members in one body, but all the members do not have the same function, ⁵so we, being many, are one body in Christ, and individually members of one another. ⁶Having then gifts differing according to the grace that is given to us, let us use them: if prophecy, let us prophesy in proportion to our faith; ⁷or ministry, let us use it in our ministering; he who teaches, in teaching; ⁸he who exhorts, in exhortation; he who gives, with liberality; he who leads, with diligence; he who shows mercy, with cheerfulness.

⁹Let love be without hypocrisy. Abhor what is evil. Cling to what is good. ¹⁰Be kindly affectionate to one another with brotherly love, in honor giving preference to one another; ¹¹not lagging in dili-

gence, fervent in spirit, serving the Lord; ¹²rejoicing in hope, patient in tribulation, continuing steadfastly in prayer; ¹³distributing to the needs of the saints, given to hospitality. ¹⁴Bless those who persecute you; bless and do not curse. ¹⁵Rejoice with those who rejoice, and weep with those who weep. ¹⁶Be of the same mind toward one another. Do not set your mind on high things, but associate with the humble. Do not be wise in your own opinion. ¹⁷Repay no one evil for evil. Have regard for good things in the sight of all men. ¹⁸If it is possible, as much as depends on you, live peaceably with all men. ¹⁹Beloved, do not avenge yourselves, but rather give place to wrath; for it is written, "Vengeance is Mine, I will repay," says the Lord. ²⁰Therefore "If your enemy hungers, feed him; if he thirsts, give him a drink; for in so doing you will heap coals of fire on his head." ²¹Do not be overcome by evil, but overcome evil with good.

We Are Members of One Body

Romans 12:3-21 describes the life of the Christian who has presented his body to God and is allowing the Holy Spirit to operate freely in him. He has a humble attitude and is very aware of his dependence on God. He knows his place in the body of Christ. He uses the gifts God has given him. He lives in love toward fellow believers and even toward enemies.

“For as the body is one and has many members, but all the members of that one body, being many, are one body, so also is Christ” (1 Corinthians 12:12). In the same way that each part of our bodies is in vital communication with our brain, each believer in the body of Christ needs to be in vital union with the Head, Jesus, **“from whom all the body, nourished and knit together by joints and ligaments, grows with the increase which is from God”** (Colossians 2:19b). Believers who are nourished by Jesus will work together in harmony. **“And let the peace of God rule in your hearts, to which also you were called in one body, and be thankful. . . . That their hearts may be encouraged, being knit together in love”** (Colossians 3:15; 2:2a).

Gifts Are Given for Service to the Body of Christ

Just as God has created all the parts of our bodies to work together beautifully, so each person in Christ has a unique function in the body of Christ. **“If the whole body were an eye, where would be the hearing? If the whole were hearing, where would be the smelling? But now God has set the members, each one of them, in the body just as He pleased. And the eye cannot say to the hand, ‘I have no need of you’”** (1 Corinthians 12:17, 18, 21a).

“Now there are diversities of gifts, but the same Spirit. There are differences of ministries, but the same Lord. And

there are diversities of activities, but it is the same God who works all in all. But the manifestation of the Spirit is given to each one for the profit of all” (1 Corinthians 12:4-7).

If you are in Christ, you have been given a gift to be used. **“Do not neglect the gift that is in you” (1 Timothy 4:14a).** Gifts are given to build up the body of Christ, not divide it. **“As each one has received a gift, minister it to one another, as good stewards of the manifold grace of God. . . . If anyone ministers, let him do it as with the ability which God supplies, that in all things God may be glorified through Jesus Christ, to whom belong the glory and the dominion forever and ever. Amen” (1 Peter 4:10, 11b).**

Gifts Are to Be Used in the Outworking of Love

Gifts from God are wonderful, but they must be used in love. **“And though I have the gift of prophecy, and understand all mysteries and all knowledge, and though I have all faith, so that I could remove mountains, but have not love, I am nothing” (1 Corinthians 13:2).**

Jesus said in Matthew 22:37-40 that all the Law and the Prophets rested on just two commandments: **“You shall love the LORD your God with all your heart, with all your soul, and with all your mind”** and **“You shall love your neighbor as yourself.”** We cannot obey these commands on our own, but when God’s love is poured out in our hearts by the Holy Spirit who is given to us (Romans 5:5), then the Spirit in us can accomplish what we cannot do. **“That the righteous requirement of the law [love] might be fulfilled in us who do not walk according to the flesh but according to the Spirit” (Romans 8:4).** **“For he who loves another has fulfilled the law. Love does no harm to a neighbor; therefore love is the fulfillment of the law” (Romans 13:8b, 10).**

LESSON 25. THE CHRISTIAN'S RELATIONSHIP TO GOVERNMENT

Romans 13:1-7

¹Let every soul be subject to the governing authorities. For there is no authority except from God, and the authorities that exist are appointed by God. ²Therefore whoever resists the authority resists the ordinance of God, and those who resist will bring judgment on themselves. ³For rulers are not a terror to good works, but to evil. Do you want to be unafraid of the authority? Do what is good, and you will have praise from the same. ⁴For he is God's minister to you for good. But if you do evil, be afraid; for he does not bear the sword in vain; for he is God's minister, an avenger to execute wrath on him who practices evil. ⁵Therefore you must be subject, not only because of wrath but also for conscience' sake. ⁶For because of this you also pay taxes, for they are God's ministers attending continually to this very thing. ⁷Render therefore to all their due: taxes to whom taxes are due, customs to whom customs, fear to whom fear, honor to whom honor.

Something to Do

1. What example of authority does Paul use? "Let every soul be subject to the _____ authorities" (verse 1).

2. Who appoints the authorities that exist? _____ (1)

3. What is God's purpose for rulers? "Not a _____ to good works, but to _____" (3). "He does not bear the _____ in vain, for he is God's minister, an _____ to execute _____ on him who practices evil" (4).

[Government should "bear the sword" only in response to evil.]

4. Why must we be subject to rulers? "Not only because of wrath [punishment that is deserved for doing wrong] but also for _____ sake" (5).

"I myself always strive to have a conscience without offense toward God and men" (Acts 24:16b).]

God Delegates Authority

God Himself delegates authority to whomever He chooses. Nebuchadnezzar was a great king whose pride was humbled by God until he knew **“that the Most High rules in the kingdom of men, and gives it to whomever He chooses”** (Daniel 4:32b). When Jesus was delivered into the hands of Pilate to be crucified, **“Jesus answered, ‘You could have no power at all against Me unless it had been given you from above’”** (John 19:11a). God is sovereign over all authorities. **“The king’s heart is in the hand of the LORD, like the rivers of water; He turns it wherever He wishes”** (Proverbs 21:1).

Resisting Authority Is the Same as Resisting God

One of the fruits (results) of our union with Jesus Christ is submission to authority. Why? Because rebellion against authority, which God has set up, is the same thing as rebellion against God. It is the same as serving other gods or Satan, who is in total rebellion against God. **“For rebellion is as the sin of witchcraft, and stubbornness is as iniquity and idolatry”** (1 Samuel 15:23a).

Our attitude is to be submissive as to the Lord Himself. **“Therefore, just as the church is subject to Christ, so let the wives be to their own husbands in everything”** (Ephesians 5:24). **“Children, obey your parents in the Lord, for this is right”** (Ephesians 6:1). **“Servants, be obedient to those who are your masters . . . , as to Christ”** (Ephesians 6:5).

Those in Authority Are Accountable to God

All who are in authority are responsible to God for how they use the privilege God has given them. **“There is a time in which one man rules over another to his own hurt”** (Ecclesiastes 8:9b). Their actions will be judged by God.

God gives instructions to fathers, husbands, and employers. **“And you, fathers, do not provoke your children to wrath, but bring them up in the training and admonition of the Lord”** (Ephesians 6:4). **“Husbands, love your wives, just as Christ also loved the church and gave Himself for it”** (Ephesians 5:25). **“And you, masters, do the same things to them, giving up threatening, knowing that your own Master also is in heaven”** (Ephesians 6:9a).

Must We Always Obey Those in Authority?

There are times when someone in authority may ask you to do something which is against the instruction of a higher authority. If a parent or husband or employer asks you to do something which is against the law of the government or the law of God, you must obey the higher authority. If the government forbids parents to tell their children about God, parents must humbly obey God, who says, **“And these words which I command you today shall be in your heart; you shall teach them diligently to your children, and shall talk of them when you sit in your house, when you walk by the way, when you lie down, and when you rise up”** (Deuteronomy 6:6, 7). But they must respect the government and obey laws which are not against God’s commands. Peter wrote, **“But even if you should suffer for righteousness’ sake, you are blessed. And do not be afraid of their threats, nor be troubled. For it is better, if it is the will of God, to suffer for doing good than for doing evil”** (1 Peter 3:14, 17).

The Bible tells about Daniel, who disobeyed a decree not to pray for 30 days to any god but the king. When Daniel was thrown into a den of lions, God protected him, **“because I was found innocent before Him; and also, O king, I have done no wrong before you”** (Daniel 6:22b). Though Daniel

could not obey the king's law, he had a good attitude toward the king, and in the eyes of God he did no wrong.

Jesus' disciples were put in prison and commanded by the rulers to stop teaching in Jesus' name. **"Then Peter and the other apostles answered and said: 'We ought to obey God rather than men'"** (Acts 5:29). They continued to teach, because Jesus had said, **"'All authority has been given to Me in heaven and on earth. Go therefore and make disciples of all the nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit, teaching them to observe all things that I have commanded you; and lo, I am with you always, even to the end of the age.' Amen"** (Matthew 28:18b-20). When we obey God's Word, we know that Jesus, who has ALL authority, will be with us.

Revelation 13:15b speaks of one who will **"cause as many as would not worship the image of the beast to be killed."** We must remember God's command, **"You shall have no other gods before Me"** (Exodus 20:3). Remember Jesus' words: **"Do not be afraid of those who kill the body, and after that have no more that they can do"** (Luke 12:4b).

What We Owe to Governing Authorities

Taxes, customs, and proper respect is due to authorities. They serve God (even if they do not realize it) by accomplishing His purposes. Jesus Himself paid taxes (Matthew 17:24-27). When asked if it was right to pay taxes to Caesar, the emperor of Rome, He said, **"Render therefore to Caesar the things that are Caesar's, and to God the things that are God's"** (Luke 20:25b). Some things belong only to God—our worship. Believers do not belong to this world. **"For our citizenship is in heaven, from which we also eagerly wait for the Savior, the Lord Jesus Christ"** (Philippians 3:20).

LESSON 26. THE CHRISTIAN'S RELATIONSHIP TO THE WORLD

Romans 13:8-14

⁸Owe no one anything except to love one another, for he who loves another has fulfilled the law. ⁹For the commandments, "You shall not commit adultery," "You shall not murder," "You shall not steal," "You shall not bear false witness," "You shall not covet," and if there is any other commandment, are all summed up in this saying, namely, "You shall love your neighbor as yourself." ¹⁰Love does no harm to a neighbor; therefore love is the fulfillment of the law.

¹¹And do this, knowing the time, that now it is high time to awake out of sleep; for now our salvation is nearer than when we first believed. ¹²The night is far spent, the day is at hand. Therefore let us cast off the works of darkness, and let us put on the armor of light. ¹³Let us walk properly, as in the day, not in revelry and drunkenness, not in licentiousness and lewdness, not in strife and envy. ¹⁴But put on the Lord Jesus Christ, and make no provision for the flesh, to fulfill its lusts.

Something to Do

1. Name five commandments that Paul quotes (verse 9):
 - a. "You shall not commit _____."
 - b. "You shall not _____."
 - c. "You shall not _____."
 - d. "You shall not bear _____."
 - e. "You shall not _____."
2. What one commandment summarizes these five commandments? "You shall _____ your _____ as yourself" (verse 9).
3. What one word fulfills the law? _____ (10).

The Only Debt We Should Owe

After Paul told Christians they need to pay the taxes and customs that are due to the government, he says that Christians should not owe anything to anyone except for their

debt to love others. Jesus said, **“A new commandment I give to you, that you love one another; as I have loved you, that you also love one another”** (John 13:34). God showed His love to such an extent that He sent Jesus to die in our place. What love we have received! How much love will overflow to others if we let God, who IS love, truly live in us!

“Beloved, if God so loved us, we also ought to love one another. . . . If we love one another, God abides in us, and His love has been perfected in us. By this we know that we abide in Him, and He in us, because He has given us of His Spirit” (1 John 4:11-13).

Put On the Armor of Light

Jesus is coming again! It is time to wake up, throw off works that were done when we lived in darkness, and put on the “armor of light.” Armor is protection. Light is protection from darkness. Jesus said, **“I am the light of the world. He who follows Me shall not walk in darkness, but have the light of life”** (John 8:12b). **“I have come as a light into the world, that whoever believes in Me should not abide in darkness”** (John 12:46). **“And this is the condemnation, that the light has come into the world, and men loved darkness rather than light, because their deeds were evil”** (John 3:19). Those who want to walk in light will come to Jesus.

Jesus also said, **“You are the light of the world”** (Matthew 5:14a). When He, the light of the world, lives in us, we also will be light in the world. To “put on the armor of light” is the same thing as “to put on the Lord Jesus Christ,” who IS light. If Jesus lives in us, then light is in us. **“If we say that we have fellowship with Him, and walk in darkness, we lie and do not practice the truth”** (1 John 1:6).

When we walk in light, we are eager to have Jesus point

out anything in our lives that needs to be confessed as sin and allow Him to cleanse us, that we might continue to walk with Him in the light. **“But if we walk in the light as He is in the light, we have fellowship with one another, and the blood of Jesus Christ His Son cleanses us from all sin”** (1 John 1:7). What a wonderful, free way to live!

“For as many of you as were baptized into Christ have put on Christ” (Galatians 3:27). When you wake up each morning, you dress for the day. This is a good time to remember that spiritually, too, you have taken off your “night clothes”—the things you did when you lived in darkness and lived for yourself—and are to put on clothes for living in daylight. **“But let us who are of the day be sober, putting on the breastplate of faith and love”** (1 Thessalonians 5:8a). **“But above all these things put on love”** (Colossians 3:14a). Only when you are clothed with Jesus can you put up with others and love them and so fulfill the law of God—the law of love. How wonderful to be dressed in Jesus Himself every day! **“And now, little children, abide in Him, that when He appears, we may have confidence and not be ashamed before Him at His coming”** (1 John 2:28).

Make No Provision for the Flesh

Those who are clothed with Christ know that the power for victory over the flesh is not in themselves, but in the fact that they are in union with a crucified and risen Christ. There is no room for planning ways to satisfy any wrong desires of your old self. **“And those who are Christ’s have crucified the flesh with its passions and desires”** (Galatians 5:24). **“I will set nothing wicked before my eyes”** (Psalm 101:3a). **“Beloved, I beg you as sojourners and pilgrims, abstain from fleshly lusts which war against the soul”** (1 Peter 2:11).

LESSON 27. WHEN CHRISTIANS DISAGREE

Romans 14:1-23

¹Receive one who is weak in the faith, but not to disputes over doubtful things. ²For one believes he may eat all things, but he who is weak eats only vegetables. ³Let not him who eats despise him who does not eat, and let not him who does not eat judge him who eats; for God has received him. ⁴Who are you to judge another's servant? To his own master he stands or falls. Indeed, he will be made to stand, for God is able to make him stand. ⁵One person esteems one day above another; another esteems every day alike. Let each be fully convinced in his own mind. ⁶He who observes the day, observes it to the Lord; and he who does not observe the day, to the Lord he does not observe it. He who eats, eats to the Lord, for he gives God thanks; and he who does not eat, to the Lord he does not eat, and gives God thanks. ⁷For none of us lives to himself, and no one dies to himself. ⁸For if we live, we live to the Lord; and if we die, we die to the Lord. Therefore, whether we live or die, we are the Lord's. ⁹For to this end

Christ died and rose and lived again, that He might be Lord of both the dead and the living. ¹⁰But why do you judge your brother? Or why do you show contempt for your brother? For we shall all stand before the judgment seat of Christ. ¹¹For it is written: "As I live, says the Lord, every knee shall bow to Me, and every tongue shall confess to God." ¹²So then each of us shall give account of himself to God. ¹³Therefore let us not judge one another anymore, but rather resolve this, not to put a stumbling block or a cause to fall in our brother's way.

¹⁴I know and am convinced by the Lord Jesus that there is nothing unclean of itself; but to him who considers anything to be unclean, to him it is unclean. ¹⁵Yet if your brother is grieved because of your food, you are no longer walking in love. Do not destroy with your food the one for whom Christ died. ¹⁶Therefore do not let your good be spoken of as evil; ¹⁷for the kingdom of God is not food and drink, but righteousness and peace and joy in the Holy Spirit. ¹⁸For he

who serves Christ in these things is acceptable to God and approved by men. ¹⁹Therefore let us pursue the things which make for peace and the things by which one may edify another. ²⁰Do not destroy the work of God for the sake of food. All things indeed are pure, but it is evil for the man who eats with offense. ²¹It is good neither to eat meat nor

drink wine nor do anything by which your brother stumbles or is offended or is made weak. ²²Do you have faith? Have it to yourself before God. Happy is he who does not condemn himself in what he approves. ²³But he who doubts is condemned if he eats, because he does not eat from faith; for whatever is not from faith is sin.

Something to Do

A. What is true of every Christian?

1. "God has _____ him" (verse 3b).
2. "To his own _____ he stands or falls" (4).
3. "God is able to make him _____" (4b).
4. Each does what he does "to the _____" (6).
5. Each "gives God _____" (6).
6. Whether they live or die, they are the _____ (8b).
7. Each will stand before the judgment seat of _____ (10b) and "give _____ of himself to _____" (12).

B. Why should we not judge or offend other Christians?

1. "There is nothing _____ of itself" [in matters that can be interpreted differently] (14).

["To the pure all things are pure, but to those who are defiled and unbelieving nothing is pure. They profess to know God but in works they deny Him" (Titus 1:15a, 16a).]

2. We are "no longer walking in _____" (15).
3. We must not _____ one for whom Christ died (15).
4. Our _____ must not be spoken of as _____ (16).
5. "The kingdom of God is not _____ and _____, but righteousness, _____, and _____ in the Holy Spirit" (17).

[Entering the kingdom of God has nothing to do with what we do or don't do. It has everything to do with receiving the righteousness of God as a free gift. As we live out God's righteousness by the power of the Holy Spirit in us, we know the peace and joy of God.]

6. "He who serves Christ in these things is _____ to God and _____ by men" (18).

7. "Let us pursue the things which make for _____ and the things by which one may _____ [build up] another" (19). "Do not _____ the work of _____ for the sake of food" (20).

[God's Holy Spirit is working in each Christian (Philippians 2:13), and we should not hinder His work by tearing Christians down.]

8. It is not good to do anything "by which your brother _____ or is _____ [caused to sin against his conscience and thus condemn himself] or is made _____" (21). "Whatever is not from faith is _____" (23).

["But beware lest somehow this liberty of yours become a stumbling block to those who are weak. But when you thus sin against the brethren, and wound their weak conscience, you sin against Christ" (1 Corinthians 8:9, 12). "Let us draw near with a true heart in full assurance of faith, having our hearts sprinkled [cleansed] from an evil conscience" (Hebrews 10:22a).]

The Problem of Disputes

Paul was sensitive to a common problem among Christians. In Corinth some Christians were even suing each other in court! **"Now therefore, it is already an utter failure for you that you go to law against one another. Why do you not rather accept wrong? Why do you not rather let yourselves be defrauded?"** (1 Corinthians 6:7). He wrote to the church in Galatia, **"But if you bite and devour one another, beware lest you be consumed by one another!"** (Galatians 5:15).

Jesus Himself prayed for those who would believe on Him. **“That they all may be one, as You, Father, are in Me, and I in You; that they also may be one in Us, . . . and that the world may know that You have sent Me, and have loved them as You have loved Me”** (John 17:21, 23b). Oh, that we would let go of self and live only to please the Lord! The psalmist wrote, **“Behold, how good and how pleasant it is for brethren to dwell together in unity! It is like the precious oil upon the head, running down on the beard, the beard of Aaron, running down on the edge of his garments”** (Psalm 133:1, 2). There is only one way for Christian brothers to live in unity. It is not by *trying* to be united. It is by letting Christ Jesus be the Head of the Church, and letting the oil of His Holy Spirit run down from the Head to all the members of His body. A believer who is united with Christ will not want to mar the body of Christ with strife and division. **“Seek peace, and pursue it”** (Psalm 34:14b).

Illustrations of Doubtful Things

Paul gives two illustrations of disagreement among true believers: (1) kinds of things to eat or not to eat and (2) what days to observe or treat alike.

Some Jewish Christians believed that laws about foods in the Old Testament should still be kept. If the proper meat was not available, they would rather not eat any at all. They felt that sabbaths and feast days should still be observed. Some of the Gentile Christians believed that they should not eat meat which had previously been offered to idols. Some believed that every day was a day to serve the Lord and that sabbaths foreshadowed our rest in Christ (Colossians 2:16, 17). Those who were strong in their faith that Christ fulfilled all the laws of the Old Testament felt that they could please

the Lord best by walking in the Spirit and obeying the law of love (which fulfills the law) by the power of the Spirit living in them. For them, no food was “unclean,” and every day was a day to “rest” from their own works (Hebrews 4:9, 10). All had received **“forgiveness of sins and an inheritance among those who are sanctified by faith in Me”** (Acts 26:18b).

True Christians have different convictions about living as a believer, but they all want to please the Lord and serve Him.

Receive One Another

Paul is clear: **“Receive one another, just as Christ also received us, to the glory of God”** (Romans 15:7b). How did Christ receive you? It is by grace that you are saved, and not by things you do or do not do. In the same way, we must graciously receive others who have put their trust in Jesus.

When Jesus sent His disciples out to the towns of Israel, He said, **“And whoever will not receive you nor hear your words, when you depart from that house or city, shake off the dust from your feet. Assuredly, I say to you, it will be more tolerable for the land of Sodom and Gomorrah [cities destroyed by fire from heaven] in the day of judgment than for that city!”** (Matthew 10:14, 15). This was a strong rebuke against those who did not receive Jesus’ disciples. Those who truly know God will recognize and receive His children. **“He who receives you receives Me, and he who receives Me receives Him who sent Me”** (Matthew 10:40).

Some people have convictions or scruples (for the sake of the kingdom) which others do not have. Jesus illustrated this when He spoke of those who did not marry for the sake of God’s work, **“All cannot accept this saying, but only those to whom it has been given”** (Matthew 19:11b).

Paul is teaching that those who have a personal conviction

from God should follow it in order to please the Lord. But they should not judge someone as ungodly who does not hold the same conviction. Neither should the person who is not persuaded about some personal matter look down on a person who is doing what he feels God has asked him to do.

Each Christian has a different function in the body of Christ. He is given a unique assignment and may be led to do things differently. Each is responsible to God and will receive his own reward. **“Now he who plants and he who waters are one, and each one will receive his own reward according to his own labor”** (1 Corinthians 3:8). **“That none of you may be puffed up on behalf of one against the other. For who makes you differ from another? And what do you have that you did not receive?”** (1 Corinthians 4:6b, 7a).

How careful and humble we ought to be before God in how we treat the precious people of God! **“Do not speak evil of one another, brethren. . . . Who are you to judge another?”** (James 4:11a, 12b). He wants us to *restore* those who fall with a spirit of *gentleness* (Galatians 6:1). **“You also be patient. Establish your hearts, for the coming of the Lord is at hand. Do not grumble against one another, brethren, lest you be condemned. Behold, the Judge is standing at the door!”** (James 5:8, 9).

Do Not Judge Your Brother with Contempt

Jesus Himself knew what it was like to be judged wrongly by people who considered themselves zealous for God. **“Are you angry with Me because I made a man completely well on the Sabbath? Do not judge according to appearance, but judge with righteous judgment”** (John 7:23b, 24). **“Judge not, that you be not judged. For with what judgment you judge, you will be judged”** (Matthew 7:1, 2a).

It is better to judge ourselves. **“But let a man examine himself. For if we would judge ourselves, we would not be judged”** (1 Corinthians 11:28a,31). **“Let us search out and examine our ways, and turn back to the LORD”** (Lamentations 3:40). The Lord will show us our hearts if we ask Him. **“Search me, O God, and know my heart; try me, and know my anxieties; and see if there is any wicked way in me, and lead me in the way everlasting”** (Psalm 139:23, 24).

We Will All Be Judged by Jesus

“Therefore we make it our aim, . . . to be *well pleasing to Him*. For we must all appear before the judgment seat of Christ, that each one may receive the things done in the body, according to what he has done, whether good or bad” (2 Corinthians 5:9, 10). Jesus is the only one who can judge righteously. **“My judgment is righteous, because I do not seek My own will but the will of the Father who sent Me”** (John 5:30b). **“He shall judge the world in righteousness”** (Psalm 9:8a).

We Serve the Lord, Not Man

“And whatever you do, do it heartily, as to the Lord and not to men, knowing that from the Lord you will receive the reward of the inheritance; for you serve the Lord Christ” (Colossians 3:23, 24). Jesus is the Lord of every true Christian, and *He* is the one who tells each what to do.

When I asked God to show me His heart concerning Romans chapter 14, I found myself sobbing with grief. *God so longs for us to love each other.* Jesus said, **“This is My commandment, that you love one another as I have loved you. *If you love Me, keep My commandments*”** (John 15:12; 14:15). Do you love Jesus enough to love as He loved?

LESSON 28. JESUS CHRIST IS OUR EXAMPLE

Romans 15:1-13

¹We then who are strong ought to bear with the scruples of the weak, and not to please ourselves. ²Let each of us please his neighbor for his good, leading to edification. ³For even Christ did not please Himself; but as it is written, "The reproaches of those who reproached You fell on Me." ⁴For whatever things were written before were written for our learning, that we through the patience and comfort of the Scriptures might have hope. ⁵Now may the God of patience and comfort grant you to be like-minded toward one another, according to Christ Jesus, "that you may with one mind and one mouth glorify the God and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ.

⁷Therefore receive one another, just as Christ also re-

ceived us, to the glory of God. ⁸Now I say that Jesus Christ has become a servant to the circumcision for the truth of God, to confirm the promises made to the fathers, ⁹and that the Gentiles might glorify God for His mercy, as it is written: "For this reason I will confess to You among the Gentiles, and sing to Your name." ¹⁰And again he says: "Rejoice, O Gentiles, with His people!" ¹¹And again: "Praise the Lord, all you Gentiles! Laud Him, all you peoples!" ¹²And again, Isaiah says: "There shall be a root of Jesse; and He who shall rise to reign over the Gentiles, in Him the Gentiles shall hope." ¹³Now may the God of hope fill you with all joy and peace in believing, that you may abound in hope by the power of the Holy Spirit.

Something to Do

Fill in the blanks to learn what we must do in order to be like-minded with other believers:

1. "We then who are _____ [in faith and convictions] ought to _____ the scruples [of conscience] of the _____ [in faith and convictions], and not to _____ ourselves" (verse 1).

2. "Let each of us _____ his neighbor for his _____, leading to edification [building up his faith]" (2).

3. "Even Christ did not _____ Himself" (3).

[Not only is Christ an example of how to live, but also His Spirit lives in us, working in us "**both to will and to do for His good pleasure**" (Philippians 2:13b).]

4. The Scriptures were "written for our _____, that we through the _____ and _____ of the Scriptures might have _____" (4).

[Things we read in the Bible were "**written for our admonition**" to help us today (1 Corinthians 10:11b). "**All Scripture is given by inspiration of God, and is profitable for doctrine, for reproof, for correction, for instruction in righteousness, that the man of God may be complete, thoroughly equipped for every good work**" (2 Timothy 3:16, 17). The Scriptures bring hope and comfort. "**This is my comfort in my affliction, for Your word has given me life**" (Psalm 119: 50). "**You are my hiding place and my shield; I hope in Your word**" (Psalm 119:114). "**In His word I do hope**" (Psalm 130:5b).]

5. "Now may the God of _____ and _____ grant you to be like-minded toward one another, according to Christ _____" (5).

6. "With _____ and _____ glorify the God and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ" (6).

[Both our thoughts and our words should glorify God. "**Let the words of my mouth and the meditation of my heart be acceptable in Your sight, O LORD, my strength and my redeemer**" (Psalm 19:14).]

7. "Therefore _____ one another, just as Christ also _____ us, to the _____ of God" (7).

[**"He who receives you receives Me"** (Matthew 10:40a). To be at peace with other believers honors God.]

8. "Christ has become a _____ to the circumcision [Jewish people] for the _____ of God, to confirm

the _____ made to the fathers (8), and that the Gentiles might _____ God for His _____” (9).

[Jesus humbled Himself to become a servant. **“The humble He teaches His way. All the paths of the LORD are mercy and truth”** (Psalm 25:9b, 10a). We can rejoice in God’s mercy. **“But You, O Lord, are a God full of compassion, and gracious, longsuffering and abundant in mercy and truth”** (Psalm 86:15). Jesus served His Father in heaven joyfully. **“I will praise You, O Lord, among the peoples; I will sing to You among the nations”** (Psalm 57:9).]

9. “Now may the God of _____ fill you with all joy and peace in _____, that you may abound in _____ by the _____ of the Holy Spirit” (13).

[It is impossible for those filled with joy and peace and abounding in confident hope to engage in strife or division. **“For you shall go out with joy, and be led out with peace”** (Isaiah 55:12a).]

Live to Please the Lord, Not Yourself

We have every reason to walk humbly before our God. He has revealed truth to us and has shown us mercy. **“He has shown you, O man, what is good; and what does the LORD require of you but to do justly, to love mercy, and to walk humbly with your God?”** (Micah 6:8).

The very essence of sin is to go our own way, to live to please ourselves. This is why Jesus had to die for us. **“All we like sheep have gone astray; we have turned, every one, to his own way; and the LORD has laid on Him the iniquity of us all”** (Isaiah 53:6).

Going our own way, pleasing only ourselves, does not bring glory to God. **“For all have sinned and fall short of the glory of God”** (Romans 3:23). This is why it is *so important* now to live so that we please *Him* and so bring glory to Him. We cannot do it, but Jesus can, and He lives in us.

Jesus Lived to Please the Father

Paul points out that even Jesus did not live to please Himself. **“Then Jesus said to them, ‘When you lift up the Son of Man, then you will know that I am He, and that I do nothing of Myself; but as My Father taught Me, I speak these things. For I always do those things that please Him’”** (John 8:28, 29b). Jesus said, **“Behold, I have come . . . to do Your will, O God”** (Hebrews 10:7b). **“He went a little farther and fell on His face, and prayed, saying, ‘O My Father, if it is possible, let this cup pass from Me; nevertheless, not as I will, but as You will’”** (Matthew 26:39).

God was glorified when Jesus lived to please Him. **“And suddenly a voice came out of the cloud, saying, ‘This is My beloved Son, in whom I am well pleased. Hear Him’”** (Matthew 17:5b). **“Jesus said, ‘Now the Son of Man is glorified, and God is glorified in Him’”** (John 13:31b).

Our Lives Should Bring Glory to God

When you join with other Christians in glorifying God together (rather than promoting strife and division where there should be none), this is a witness to unbelievers of the mercy and love of God (Romans 15:6, 7). They, too, can call on the Lord and rejoice (Romans 15:9-11). **“Let your light so shine before men, that they may see your good works and glorify your Father in heaven”** (Matthew 5:16). **“When a man’s ways please the LORD, he makes even his enemies to be at peace with him”** (Proverbs 16:7).

“Or do you not know that your body is the temple of the Holy Spirit who is in you, whom you have from God, and you are not your own? For you were bought at a price; therefore glorify God in your body and in your spirit, which are God’s” (1 Corinthians 6:19, 20).

“If you are reproached for the name of Christ, blessed are you, for the Spirit of glory and of God rests upon you. . . . But let none of you suffer as a murderer, a thief, an evildoer, or as a busybody in other people’s matters. Yet if anyone suffers as a Christian, let him not be ashamed, but let him glorify God in this matter” (1 Peter 4:14-16).

“Fulfill my joy by being like-minded, having the same love, being of one accord, of one mind. Let nothing be done through selfish ambition or conceit, but in lowliness of mind let each esteem others better than himself. Let each of you look out not only for his own interests, but also for the interests of others” (Philippians 2:2-4).

How Can We Live to Please Others?

Paul knew that he had great liberty in Christ. But he also was willing to lay down his “rights” in order to help weaker Christians. **“All things are lawful for me, but all things are not helpful; all things are lawful for me, but all things do not edify. Let no one seek his own, but each one the other’s well-being. Just as I also please all men in all things, not seeking my own profit, but the profit of many, that they may be saved. Imitate me, just as I also imitate Christ”** (1 Corinthians 10:23,24,33; 11:1). We should live to *help* each other. **“And let us consider one another in order to stir up love and good works, not forsaking the assembling of ourselves together, as is the manner of some, but exhorting one another”** (Hebrews 10:24, 25a).

Yet Paul did not want believers to **“be entangled again with a yoke of bondage”** (Galatians 5:1b) by pleasing those who required keeping Old Testament laws to perfect themselves. He called this “another gospel.” **“For if I still pleased men, I would not be a servant of Christ”** (Galatians 1:10b).

LESSON 29. PAUL, EXAMPLE OF A TRUE CHRISTIAN

Romans 15:14-33

¹⁴Now I myself am confident concerning you, my brethren, that you also are full of goodness, filled with all knowledge, able also to admonish one another. ¹⁵Nevertheless, brethren, I have written more boldly to you on some points, as reminding you, because of the grace given to me by God, ¹⁶that I might be a minister of Jesus Christ to the Gentiles, ministering the gospel of God, that the offering of the Gentiles might be acceptable, sanctified by the Holy Spirit. ¹⁷Therefore I have reason to glory in Christ Jesus in the things which pertain to God. ¹⁸For I will not dare to speak of any of those things which Christ has not accomplished through me, in word and deed, to make the Gentiles obedient — ¹⁹in mighty signs and wonders, by the power of the Spirit of God, so that from Jerusalem and round about to Illyricum I have fully preached the gospel of Christ. ²⁰And so I have made it my aim to preach the gospel, not where Christ was named, lest I should build on another man's foundation, ²¹but as it is

written: "To whom He was not announced, they shall see; and those who have not heard shall understand."

²²For this reason I also have been much hindered from coming to you. ²³But now no longer having a place in these parts, and having a great desire these many years to come to you, ²⁴whenever I journey to Spain, I shall come to you. For I hope to see you on my journey, and to be helped on my way there by you, if first I may enjoy your company for a while. ²⁵But now I am going to Jerusalem to minister to the saints. ²⁶For it pleased those from Macedonia and Achaia to make a certain contribution for the poor among the saints who are in Jerusalem. ²⁷It pleased them indeed, and they are their debtors. For if the Gentiles have been partakers of their spiritual things, their duty is also to minister to them in material things. ²⁸Therefore, when I have performed this and have sealed to them this fruit, I shall go by way of you to Spain. ²⁹But I know that when I come to you, I shall come in the fullness of the blessing of the gospel of

Christ. ³⁰Now I beg you, brethren, through the Lord Jesus Christ, and through the love of the Spirit, that you strive together with me in your prayers to God for me, ³¹that I may be delivered from those in Judea who do not believe, and that my service for Jerusalem may be acceptable to the saints, ³²that I may come to you with joy by the will of God, and may be refreshed together with you. ³³Now the God of peace be with you all. Amen.

Something to Do

1. Paul was confident that the Christians in Rome were able to admonish each other because they were “full of _____, filled with all _____” (14).

2. He had written boldly to remind them on some points “because of the _____ given me by God” (15).

3. Paul was a minister of Jesus to the _____ (16).

4. Gentiles (non-Jews) who believed the gospel were like Paul’s offering to God, acceptable because they were “_____ [made holy] by the Holy Spirit” (16).

5. Paul had “reason to glory in _____” (17). He did not dare to speak of anything “which _____ has not accomplished through me” (18).

[“**But by the grace of God I am what I am, . . . but I labored more abundantly than they all, yet not I, but the grace of God which was with me**” (1 Corinthians 15:10).]

6. Paul made it his aim to preach the good news where they did not know about Christ, “lest I should build on another man’s _____” (20).

[Paul was called to pioneer work. He went where no one else had gone. He based this on what Isaiah had prophesied about the crucified Messiah: “**For what had not been told them they shall see, and what they had not heard they shall consider**” (Isaiah 52:15b).]

7. Paul begged the Christians in Rome to strive together with him in their “_____ to God” for him (30).

Paul's Three Prayer Requests

Paul had purposed to go to Jerusalem first and then to Rome (Acts 19:21) on his way to Spain. (We do not know whether Paul ever reached Spain in his lifetime.) He had already made arrangements to take with him an offering that had been collected for the Jewish saints in Jerusalem who were suffering great need (1 Corinthians 16:1). The Gentile Christians were happy to do this, because they felt indebted to their Jewish brothers and sisters who had shared the gospel with them. As a Jew, Paul taught this. He had written, **“If we have sown spiritual things for you, is it a great thing if we reap your material things?”** (1 Corinthians 9:11). **“Let him who is taught the word share in all good things with him who teaches”** (Galatians 6:6).

Paul begs the Christians in Rome to work together with him by praying for him concerning three things: (1) that he would be delivered from those in Judea who did not believe; (2) that his service for Jerusalem would be acceptable to the saints there; and (3) that by God's will he would be able to come to Rome to be refreshed together with them.

Answers to Paul's Prayer Requests

God answered Paul's requests in unusual ways (Acts chapters 20-28). **“Trust in the LORD with all your heart, and lean not on your own understanding; in all your ways acknowledge Him, and He shall direct your paths”** (Proverbs 3:5, 6). Paul was protected from a plot to kill him, but he arrived in Rome as a *prisoner* for the sake of the gospel. For two years, under house arrest, he was permitted to teach visitors freely about Jesus. Before he was executed there, he wrote, **“I have fought the good fight, I have finished the race, I have kept the faith”** (2 Timothy 4:7).

LESSON 30. PAUL'S PERSONAL GREETINGS

Romans 16:1-27

I commend to you Phoebe our sister, who is a servant of the church in Cenchrea, ²that you may receive her in the Lord in a manner worthy of the saints, and assist her in whatever business she has need of you; for indeed she has been a helper of many and of myself also.

³Greet Priscilla and Aquila, my fellow workers in Christ Jesus, ⁴who risked their own necks for my life, to whom not only I give thanks, but also all the churches of the Gentiles. ⁵Likewise greet the church that is in their house. Greet my beloved Epaenetus, who is the firstfruits of Achaia to Christ. ⁶Greet Mary, who labored much for us. ⁷Greet Andronicus and Junia, my kinsmen and my fellow prisoners, who are of note among the apostles, who also were in Christ before me. ⁸Greet Amplias, my beloved in the Lord. ⁹Greet Urbanus, our fellow worker in Christ, and Stachys, my beloved. ¹⁰Greet Apelles, approved in Christ. Greet those who are of the household of Aristobulus. ¹¹Greet Herodion, my kinsman. Greet those who are of the household of Narcissus who are in

the Lord. ¹²Greet Tryphena and Tryphosa, who have labored in the Lord. Greet the beloved Persis, who labored much in the Lord. ¹³Greet Rufus, chosen in the Lord, and his mother and mine. ¹⁴Greet Asyncritus, Phlegon, Hermas, Patrobas, Hermes, and the brethren who are with them. ¹⁵Greet Philologus and Julia, Nereus and his sister, and Olympas, and all the saints who are with them. ¹⁶Greet one another with a holy kiss. The churches of Christ greet you.

¹⁷Now I urge you, brethren, note those who cause divisions and offenses, contrary to the doctrine which you learned, and avoid them. ¹⁸For those who are such do not serve our Lord Jesus Christ, but their own belly, and by smooth words and flattering speech deceive the hearts of the simple. ¹⁹For your obedience has become known to all. Therefore I am glad on your behalf; but I want you to be wise in what is good, and simple concerning evil. ²⁰And the God of peace will crush Satan under your feet shortly. The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ be with you. Amen.

²¹Timothy, my fellow worker, and Lucius, Jason, and Sosipater, my kinsmen, greet you. ²²I, Tertius, who wrote this epistle, greet you in the Lord. ²³Gaius, my host and the host of the whole church, greets you. Erastus, the treasurer of the city, greets you, and Quartus, a brother. ²⁴The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ be with you all. Amen.

²⁵Now to Him who is able to establish you according to my

gospel and the preaching of Jesus Christ, according to the revelation of the mystery which was kept secret since the world began ²⁶but now has been made manifest, and by the prophetic Scriptures has been made known to all nations, according to the commandment of the everlasting God, for obedience to the faith— ²⁷to God, alone wise, be glory through Jesus Christ forever. Amen.

Something to Do

Fill in the blanks from the last chapter of Romans:

1. Paul commended _____ (1) and asked the believers in Rome to assist her with whatever she needed.

[This sister in the Lord served in the church in Cencrea, about seven miles south of Corinth, where Paul wrote this letter. Apparently she planned to travel to Rome and would deliver Paul's letter.]

2. Paul sent greetings to _____ and _____, who had risked their lives for him (3).

[Paul first met this godly couple in Corinth. They had left Italy when all Jews were commanded to leave Rome. Since both Aquila and Paul were tentmakers by trade, Paul stayed with them and they worked together (Acts 18:1-3). They later sailed with Paul as far as Ephesus. Here they heard the eloquent Apollos speak powerfully from the Scriptures. **“When Aquila and Priscilla heard him, they took him aside and explained to him the way of God more accurately”** (Acts 18:26b). Now this godly couple were back in Rome, continuing their practice of having a church meet in their house.]

3. Notice how Paul loved these fellow-workers! A number were faithful women serving the Lord. Paul also sent greet-

ings to _____ (13), “chosen in the Lord,” and to his mother, who also had been like a mother to Paul.

[This Rufus was probably the son of the man who was forced to carry the cross for Jesus on His way to be crucified (Mark 15:21).]

4. Several who worked with Paul in Corinth sent greetings, including the man who wrote the letter as Paul dictated it: “I, _____, who wrote this epistle, greet you” (22).

5. Paul’s host while he was in Corinth was _____, who was also host of the church there (23).

[This man had been baptized by Paul (1 Corinthians 1:14).]

6. Paul warned the Christians in Rome to avoid “those who cause _____ and offenses, contrary to the doctrine you learned” (17). These people did not serve Jesus “but their own _____” (18).

[Paul grieved when professing Christians acted like the world. **“For many walk, of whom I have told you often, and now tell you even weeping, that they are the enemies of the cross of Christ: whose end is destruction, whose god is their belly, and whose glory is in their shame—who set their mind on earthly things”** (Philippians 3:18, 19). They did not count their old life crucified with Christ.]

7. Paul wanted them “to be _____ in what is good, and _____ [innocent] concerning evil” (19).

Benediction

The gospel, once a mystery, is now revealed clearly in the Scriptures. Paul ends his marvelous letter by acknowledging that God will be glorified through Jesus Christ forever and is able to *establish* you. **“Now to Him who is able to keep you from stumbling, and to present you faultless before the presence of His glory with exceeding joy, to God our Savior, who alone is wise, be glory and majesty, dominion and power, both now and forever. Amen”** (Jude 24, 25).

Answers to Questions

The answers to the questions in this Bible study on Romans are found below so that you can check your work and know the correct answers. Refer to this page only *after* you have answered the questions.

Page 2

1. prophets, Scriptures
2. Jesus Christ
3. David, flesh
4. Son, God, power, holiness, resurrection
5. grace, obedience, nations

Page 8

1. glorify, thankful
2. wise, fools
3. glory, image
4. uncleanness, dishonor
5. truth, lie, creature, Creator
6. vile passions, women, men
7. debased
8. judgment, death, approve

Pages 10 and 11

1. truth
2. deeds, evil, good
3. partiality
4. Jesus Christ

Page 13

- | | |
|--------------|------------------|
| 1. Jew | 6. instructed |
| 2. law | 7. guide, light, |
| 3. God | instructor, |
| 4. will | teacher |
| 5. excellent | |

Page 14

- | | |
|--------------------|----------------|
| 1. steal | 3. rob temples |
| 2. commit adultery | 4. breaking |

Pages 17 and 18

- | | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| 1. none, one | 9. poison |
| 2. none | 10. cursing, |
| 3. none | bitterness |
| 4. all | 11. shed blood |
| 5. unprofitable | 12. misery |
| 6. good, one | 13. peace |
| 7. throat | 14. fear |
| 8. deceit | |

Pages 21 and 22

1. law, Jesus Christ, all, believe
2. redemption, propitiation, blood, righteousness
3. just, justifier, Jesus
4. excluded
5. faith, deeds, faith

Pages 27 and 28

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------|
| 1. work, believes, | 6. glory |
| ungodly | 7. perform |
| 2. uncircumcised | 8. believe, |
| 3. seal, faith | raised, dead |
| 4. father, believe, | 9. offenses, |
| righteousness | justification |
| 5. dead, exist | |

Pages 29 and 30

- | | |
|------------------|----------------|
| 1. peace, God | 5. disappoint, |
| 2. access | love, |
| 3. glory | Holy Spirit |
| 4. tribulations, | 6. wrath |
| perseverance, | 7. saved, life |
| character, hope | |

Pages 31-33

- | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| 1. sin, death, | 6. gift, many |
| all, sinned | 7. free, |
| 2. reigned | justification |
| 3. judgment, all, | 8. grace, reign |
| condemnation | 9. righteous, |
| 4. disobedience, | all, life |
| sinner | 10. obedience, |
| 5. death | righteous |

Pages 35 and 36

1. crucified, slaves, freed
2. raised, once, God
3. dead, sin, alive, God
4. alive, dead
5. instruments, righteousness

Page 48

1. condemnation, Christ Jesus
2. law, life, free, law, sin
3. law, weak, flesh, flesh, sin
4. condemned, requirement, fulfilled, flesh, Spirit

Page 52

1. minds, flesh, Spirit
2. death, life, peace
3. enmity, subject, can, please

Page 57

1. led, Spirit
2. bondage, fear
3. Spirit, witness
4. suffer

Pages 60 and 61

1. creation, birth pangs, sons of God
2. Spirit, eagerly, body
3. Spirit, intercession, saints

Pages 67 and 68

- | | |
|--------------|----------------|
| 1. adoption | 5. service |
| 2. glory | 6. promises |
| 3. covenants | 7. fathers |
| 4. law | 8. Christ, God |

Pages 73 and 74

1. near, mouth, heart
2. Lord Jesus
3. raised, dead
4. believes, righteousness
5. confession, salvation
6. calls, name
7. hearing, word

Page 86

1. governing
2. God
3. terror, evil, sword, avenger, wrath
4. conscience'

Page 90

1. a. adultery
b. murder
c. steal
d. false witness
e. covet

2. love, neighbor
3. love

Pages 94 and 95

- | | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| A. 1. received | B. 1. unclean |
| 2. master | 2. love |
| 3. stand | 3. destroy |
| 4. Lord | 4. good, evil |
| 5. thanks | 5. food, drink,
peace, joy |
| 6. Lord's | 6. acceptable,
approved |
| 7. Christ,
account,
God | 7. peace, edify,
destroy, God |
| | 8. stumbles,
offended,
weak, sin |

Pages 100-102

1. strong, bear with, weak, please
2. please, good
3. please
4. learning, patience, comfort, hope
5. patience, comfort, Jesus
6. one mind, one mouth
7. receive, received, glory
8. servant, truth, promises, glorify, mercy
9. hope, believing, hope, power

Page 106

1. goodness, knowledge
2. grace
3. Gentiles
4. sanctified
5. Christ Jesus, Christ
6. foundation
7. prayers

Pages 109 and 110

- | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Phoebe | 5. Gaius |
| 2. Priscilla, Aquila | 6. divisions,
belly |
| 3. Rufus | 7. wise, simple |
| 4. Tertius | |

**As you study or review this Bible study,
mark the verses you would like to memorize.**

The Good News in Romans

1. The power of God can save you from His wrath.

“I am not ashamed of the gospel of Christ, for it is the power of God to salvation for everyone who believes. For the wrath of God is revealed from heaven against all ungodliness.” —Romans 1:16a, 18a

2. The goodness of God leads you to repentance.

“Or do you despise the riches of His goodness, . . . not knowing that the goodness of God leads you to repentance? For all have sinned and fall short of the glory of God.” —Romans 2:4; 3:23

3. The righteousness of God is received by faith, not works.

“But to him who does not work but believes on Him who justifies the ungodly, his faith is accounted for righteousness.” —Romans 4:5

4. The love of God is demonstrated by Christ's death for you.

“But God demonstrates His own love toward us, in that while we were still sinners, Christ died for us.” —Romans 5:8

5. The gift of God is eternal life in Christ Jesus.

“The wages of sin is death, but the gift of God is eternal life in Christ Jesus our Lord.” —Romans 6:23

6. The Spirit of life in Christ Jesus sets you free from sin.

“Likewise you also, reckon yourselves to be dead indeed to sin, but alive to God in Christ Jesus our Lord. There is therefore now no condemnation to those who are in Christ Jesus. For the law of the Spirit of life in Christ Jesus has made me free from the law of sin and death.” —Romans 6:11; 8:1a, 2

7. The will of God (to transform you) is good.

“And we know that all things work together for good to those who love God, to those who are the called according to His purpose. And do not be conformed to this world, but be transformed by the renewing of your mind, that you may *prove* what is that good and acceptable and perfect will of God.” —Romans 8:28; 12:2

BELIEVE IN JESUS AND CALL ON HIS NAME TO BE SAVED

“That if you confess with your mouth the Lord Jesus and believe in your heart that God has raised Him from the dead, you will be saved. For with the heart one believes to righteousness, and with the mouth confession is made to salvation. For ‘whoever calls upon the name of the Lord shall be saved.’” —Romans 10:9, 10, 13

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Jesus was sent by God to die for the sins of the world. His hands and feet were nailed to a cross. A sword was thrust into His side to make sure He was dead. Three days later He arose from the dead and appeared to many. Thomas, one of His disciples, said, “**Unless I see in His hands the print of the nails, . . . I will not believe**” (John 20:25b). When Jesus later showed him His hands and His side, Thomas saw and believed. Jesus said, “**Blessed are those who have not seen and yet have believed**” (John 20:29b).